

Major Leadership Election Contests In the Senate, 94th - 111th Congresses

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Summary

This report contains data on elections in the Democratic and Republican party conferences for principal congressional leaders within each party for the 94th through the 111th Congresses . It reflects actual balloting. Also identified are the six Senators who have served as President pro tempore of the Senate, the two who have served as deputy President pro tempore, and the three Senators who have served as President pro tempore emeritus. These are largely positions of honor, for which there is no formal election in either party conference.

Other tables provide the names and states of the candidates for each major party office, the Congress(es) in which they were running, and the votes they received. Also noted are Senators elected with no opposition.

In numerous instances, leaders were selected without opposition. In cases where published accounts did not mention contests for a particular office, it was assumed there was only one candidate. The data do not include notices of announced candidacies that were abandoned before conference voting took place.

This report will be updated as necessary.

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Introduction

This report contains balloting data on the elections in the Democratic and Republican party conferences for principal congressional leaders for the 94th through the 111th Congresses. **Table 1** identifies the seven Senators who have served as President pro tempore of the Senate. This position is generally reserved for the majority party Senator with the party's longest continuous Senate service, but there is no formal election in either party conference for the position.

Table 2 identifies the three Senators who have been designated to the honorary position of President pro tempore emeritus, and **Table 3** identifies the two Senators who have been elected to the honorary position of deputy President pro tempore, positions for which there is no formal election by either party.

The other tables provide the names and states of the candidates for each major party office, the Congress(es) in which they ran, and the votes they received. Also noted are Senators elected with no opposition. Although most conference balloting took place prior to the convening of a new Congress, in some cases leadership elections were held to fill vacancies during a Congress. During the course of the 107th Congress, the majority party switched, thus causing changes in the positions of majority leader and majority whip.

Tables 4-13 provide data on elections for the positions of:

- Senate Democratic Floor Leaders and Conference Chairmen
- Senate Republican Floor Leaders
- Senate Democratic Whips
- Senate Republican Whips
- Senate Democratic Conference Vice Chair
- Senate Republican Conference Chairmen
- Senate Democratic Conference Secretaries
- Senate Republican Policy Committee Chairmen
- Senate Republican Conference Secretaries
- Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee Chairmen
- National Republican Senatorial Committee Chairmen

In numerous instances, leaders were selected without opposition. Where races were contested, most were decided after one ballot. However, in the 99th Congress, it took four ballots to elect the Republican floor leader and two ballots to elect the Republican whip. In the 102^{nd} and 104^{th} Congresses, two ballots were needed to elect the chairman of the Senate Republican Policy Committee. When published accounts did not mention a contest for a particular office, it was assumed there was only one candidate. The data do not include notices of announced candidacies that were abandoned before conference voting took place.

Table I. Presidents Pro Tempore of the Senate

Congress	President Pro Tempore	State	Date Elected ^a
94 th	James O. Eastland	D-MS	no election
95 th	James O. Eastland	D-MS	no election
96 th	Warren G. Magnuson	D-WA	Jan. 15, 1979
96 th	Milton R. Young ^b	R-ND	Dec. 4, 1980
97 th	Strom Thurmond	R-SC	Jan. 5, 1981
98 th	Strom Thurmond	R-SC	no election
99 th	Strom Thurmond	R-SC	no election
I 00 th	John C. Stennis	D-MS	Jan. 6, 1987
0 st	Robert C. Byrd	D-WV	Jan. 3, 1989
I 02 nd	Robert C. Byrd	D-WV	no election
l 03 rd	Robert C. Byrd	D-WV	no election
l 04 th	Strom Thurmond	R-SC	Jan. 4, 1995
l 05 th	Strom Thurmond	R-SC	no election
l 06 th	Strom Thurmond	R-SC	no election
l 07 th	Strom Thurmond	R-SC	no election
l 07 th	Robert C. Byrd	D-WV	June 6, 2001°
I 08 th	Ted Stevens	R-AK	Jan. 7, 2003
l 09 th	Ted Stevens	R-AK	no election
I I O th	Robert C. Byrd	D-WV	Jan. 4, 2007
	Robert C. Byrd⁴	D-WV	no election

- The President pro tempore of the Senate is one of only three legislative officers established by the U.S. Constitution. The other two are the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Vice President of the United States, who also serves as President of the Senate. The Constitution designates the President pro tempore to serve in the Vice President's absence. The Senate generally elects by resolution a specified Senator president pro tempore. These resolutions are usually agreed to by voice vote. On rare occasions, the minority has offered an amendment naming its candidate. Such an amendment is normally defeated by voice vote. The President pro tempore is not reelected at the beginning of a Congress unless party control changes, or the Senator serving as President pro tempore has been elected to a new Senate term. Prior to 1890, the Senate elected a President pro tempore whenever the Vice President was not in attendance. When the Vice President returned, the President pro tempore lost his place. When the Vice President was again absent, the Senate elected a President pro tempore, in many instances the same Senator who had previously occupied the office. By the standing order agreed to on March 12, 1890, the Senate declared that the President pro tempore shall hold the office during "the pleasure of the Senate and until another is elected, and shall execute the duties thereof during all future absences of the Vice President until the Senate does otherwise order." Contemporary Presidents pro tempore now serve as long as their party holds a majority in the Senate.
- b. Senator Young was elected to serve as President pro tempore for one day prior to his Senate retirement. His party was in the minority at the time. Senator Magnuson then resumed the presidency pro tempore for the balance of the 96th Congress.

- c. Senator Byrd was elected President pro tempore for the 107th Congress when the Democrats regained control of the Senate on June 6, 2001. See "Election of the Honorable Robert C. Byrd as President Pro Tempore," *Congressional Record*, vol. 147, June 6, 2001, pp. 10013.
- d. Senator Byrd is expected to serve as Senate President pro tempore in the 111th Congress.

Table 2. Presidents Pro Tempore Emeritus of the Senate

Congress(es)	President Pro Tempore Emeritus	Party—State	Dates
I 07 th	Strom Thurmond ^a	R-SC	June 6, 2001-Jan. 3, 2003
108 th -109 th	Robert C. Byrd ^b	D-WV	Jan. 15, 2003-Jan. 4, 2007
I I O th	Ted Stevens	R-AK	Jan. 4, 2007-present

- a. When the Senate party control changed in June 2001, Senator Thurmond, who had been Senate President pro tempore, was designated President pro tempore emeritus. See "Thanking and Electing Strom Thurmond President Pro Tempore Emeritus," Congressional Record, vol. 147, June 6, 2001, pp. 10013-10014.
- b. The Senate designated Senator Byrd President pro tempore emeritus after the convening of the 108th Congress and the election of Senator Stevens as President pro tempore. See "Thanks to the Honorable Robert C. Byrd and His Designation as President Pro Tempore Emeritus," *Congressional Record*, vol. 149, January 15, 2003, p. 1075.

Table 3. Deputy Presidents Pro Tempore of the Senate

Congress	Deputy President Pro Tempore	Party—State	Dates
95 th	Hubert H. Humphrey	D—MN	Jan. 5, 1977-Jan. 13, 1978
l 00 th	George J. Mitchella	D—ME	Jan. 28, 1987-Nov. 29, 1988 ^b

Sources: Compiled by CRS from various Congressional Quarterly, Inc., publications as well as *Congressional Staff Directories* and press accounts.

Pursuant to S.Res. 17, agreed to January 10, 1977, the Senate established (effective January 5, 1977) the post of deputy President pro tempore of the Senate to be held by "any Member of the Senate who has held the Office of President of the United States or Vice President of the United States." Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota held this position until his death on January 13, 1978. See "Establishment of the Office of Deputy President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and for Other Purposes," Congressional Record, vol. 123, Jan. 10, 1977, p. 457

- a. On January 28, 1987, the Senate agreed to S.Res. 90, authorizing the Senate to designate a Senator to serve as deputy President pro tempore during the 100th Congress, in addition to Senators who held such office under the authority of S.Res. 17, 95th Congress. Accordingly, on the same date the Senate agreed to S.Res. 91, designating Senator George J. Mitchell of Maine deputy President pro tempore. See "Designation of a Deputy President Pro Tempore of the Senate and Designating Senator George J. Mitchell As Deputy President Pro Tempore of the Senate," Congressional Record, vol. 133, Jan. 28, 1987, pp. 2167-2168.
- b. On November 29, 1988, Senator Mitchell was elected majority leader for the 101st Congress.

Table 4. Senate Democratic Floor Leaders and Conference Chairmen

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 ^{tha}	Michael J. Mansfield	MT	no opposition
95 ^{thab}	Robert C. Byrd	WV	no opposition

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
96 ^{tha}	Robert C. Byrd	WV	no opposition
97 ^{tha}	Robert C. Byrd	WV	no opposition
98 ^{tha}	Robert C. Byrd	WV	no opposition
99 tha	Robert C. Byrd	WV	no opposition
00 ^{tha}	Robert C. Byrd	WV	no opposition
0 sta	George J. Mitchell ^c	ME	27
	Daniel K. Inouye	HI	14
	J. Bennett Johnston	LA	14
l 02 ^{nda}	George J. Mitchell	ME	no opposition
03 ^{rda}	George J. Mitchell	ME	no opposition
I 04 th	Thomas Daschle	SD	24
	Christopher J. Dodd	СТ	23
l 05 th	Thomas A. Daschle	SD	no opposition
106 th	Thomas A. Daschle	SD	no opposition
07 ^{tha}	Thomas A. Daschled	SD	no opposition
I 08 th	Thomas A. Daschle	SD	no opposition
09 th	Harry Reid	NV	no opposition
O ^{tha}	Harry Reid	NV	no opposition
	Harry Reid	NV	no opposition

- a. Indicates Congresses in which the floor leader was also the majority leader. Until the 101st Congress, the Democratic leader was also the chairman of the Senate Democratic Policy Committee. From the 101st Congress (1989-1991) through the 106th Congress (1999-2001), the Senate Democratic leader apppointed a co-chair to serve with him on the Policy Committee. Since the 107th Congress (2001), the Democratic Leader has appointed the chair of the Senate Democratic Policy Committee.
- b. Senator Hubert Humphrey (D-MN) withdrew from the race the morning of the election.
- c. Although Senator Mitchell fell one vote short of the necessary majority on the first ballot, the other candidates immediately withdrew, and he was elected by acclamation.
- d. Senator Daschle became majority leader on June 6, 2001, when the Democrats regained control of the Senate.

Table 5. Senate Republican Floor Leaders

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 th	Hugh D. Scott	PA	no opposition
95 th	Howard H. Baker	TN	19
	Robert P. Griffin	MI	18
96 th	Howard H. Baker	TN	no opposition
97 ^{tha}	Howard H. Baker	TN	no opposition

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Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
98 ^{tha}	Howard H. Baker	TN	no opposition
99 ^{tha}		l st Ballot	
	Robert J. Dole	KS	14
	Ted Stevens	AK	12
	Richard G. Lugar	IN	10
	Pete V. Domenici	NM	9
	James A. McClure	ID	8
_		2 nd Ballot	
	Robert J. Dole	KS	17
	Ted Stevens	AK	14
	Richard G. Lugar	IN	12
	Pete V. Domenici	NM	10
_		3 rd Ballot	
	Robert J. Dole	KS	20
	Ted Stevens	AK	20
	Richard G. Lugar	IN	13
_		4 th Ballot	
	Robert J. Dole	KS	28
	Ted Stevens	AK	25
00 th	Robert J. Dole	KS	no opposition
0 st	Robert J. Dole	KS	no opposition
I 02 nd	Robert J. Dole	KS	no opposition
I 03 rd	Robert J. Dole	KS	no opposition
04 ^{tha}		Initial Election	
	Robert J. Dole ^b	KS	no opposition
_	Replaceme	ent Election of June 12	, 1996
	Trent Lott	MS	44
	Thad Cochran	MS	8
I 05 ^{tha}	Trent Lott	MS	no opposition
l 06 ^{tha}	Trent Lott	MS	no opposition
I 07 ^{tha}	Trent Lott ^c	MS	no opposition
l 08 ^{tha}	Trent Lott ^d	MS	no opposition
08tha	Replacement	Election of December	23, 2002
I VO ^{ciia}	William Friste	TN	no opposition
I 09 ^{tha}	William Frist	TN	no opposition
I I O th	Mitch McConnell	KY	no opposition

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
th	Mitch McConnell	KY	no opposition

- a. Indicates Congresses in which the floor leader was also the majority leader.
- b. Senator Dole resigned from the Senate on June 11, 1996, to campaign for the office of President of the United States.
- c. Senator Lott lost the majority leader position on June 6, 2001, when the Democrats regained control of the
- d. Senator Lott resigned as majority leader effective January 6, 2003.
- e. For the first time in history, the Republican leader was elected in a conference call of Republican Senators. Senator Frist's election as Senate majority leader was effective January 6, 2003.

Table 6. Senate Democratic Whips

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 th	Robert C. Byrd	WV	no opposition
95 th	Alan M. Cranston	CA	no opposition
96 th	Alan M. Cranston	CA	no opposition
97 th	Alan M. Cranston	CA	no opposition
98 th	Alan M. Cranston	CA	no opposition
99 th	Alan M. Cranston	CA	no opposition
I 00 th	Alan M. Cranston	CA	no opposition
LO Let	Alan M. Cranston	CA	30
0 st	Wendell H. Forda	KY	12
l 02 nd	Wendell H. Ford	KY	no opposition
l 03 rd	Wendell H. Ford	KY	no opposition
I 04 th	Wendell H. Ford	KY	no opposition
I 05 th	Wendell H. Ford	KY	no opposition
l 06 th	Harry Reid	NV	no opposition
107 th	Harry Reid	NV	no opposition
I 08 th	Harry Reid	NV	no opposition
109 th	Richard Durbin	IL	no opposition
	Richard Durbin	IL	no opposition
	Richard Durbin	IL	no opposition

Sources: Compiled by CRS from various Congressional Quarterly, Inc., publications as well as *Congressional Staff Directories* and press accounts.

a. Subsequently, Senator Ford moved to make Senator Cranston's reelection unanimous.

Table 7. Senate Republican Whips

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 th	Robert P. Griffin	MI	no opposition
95 th	Ted Stevens	AK	no opposition
96 th	Ted Stevens	AK	no opposition
97 th	Ted Stevens	AK	no opposition
98 th	Ted Stevens	AK	no opposition
99 th		I st Ballot	
_	Alan K. Simpson	WY	22
	Slade Gorton	WA	16
	Robert W. Kasten	WI	15
-		2 nd Ballot	
	Alan K. Simpson	WY	31
	Slade Gorton	WA	22
I 0 0 th	Alan K. Simpson	WY	no opposition
0 st	Alan K. Simpson	WY	no opposition
l 02 nd	Alan K. Simpson	WY	no opposition
102-4	Alan K. Simpson	WY	25
103rd	Slade Gorton	WA	14
104 th		Initial Election	
	Trent Lott ^a	MS	27
	Alan K. Simpson	WY	26
	Replacemen	t Election of June 12,	1996a
	Don Nickles	ОК	no opposition
105 th	Don Nickles	ОК	no opposition
106 th	Don Nickles	ОК	no opposition
I 07 th	Don Nickles	ОК	no opposition
08 th	Mitch McConnell	KY	no opposition
109 th	Mitch McConnell	KY	no opposition
0 th	Trent Lott	MS	25 votes
	Lamar Alexander	TN	24 votes
_	Replacement I	Election of December	r 6, 2007
	Jon Kyl	AZ	no opposition
	Jon Kyl	AZ	no opposition

 Senator Lott was elected majority leader on June 12, 1996, and Senator Nickels was chosen as his replacement.

Table 8. Senate Democratic Caucus Vice Chair

Congress	Candidate	State	Votes
Otha	Charles E. Schumer	NY	No opposition
th	Charles E. Schumer	NY	No opposition

a. This is a new position created in the 110th Congress. It is the third highest position in the Senate Democratic leadership.

Table 9. Senate Republican Conference Chairmen

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 th	Carl T. Curtis	NE	23
	Jacob K. Javits	NY	14
95 th	Carl T. Curtis	NE	no opposition
96 th	Robert W. Packwood	OR	22
	James A. McClure	ID	19
97 th	James A. McClure	ID	33
	H. John Heinz, III	PA	20
98 th	James A. McClure	ID	no opposition
99 th	John H. Chafee	RI	28
	Edward J. (Jake) Garn	UT	25
100 th	John H. Chafee	RI	no opposition
0 st	John H. Chafee	RI	28
	Frank H. Murkowski	AK	17
I 02 nd	Thad Cochran	MS	22
	John H. Chafee	RI	21
I 0 3 rd	Thad Cochran	MS	no opposition
I 04 th	Thad Cochran	MS	no opposition
105 th	Connie Mack	FL	no opposition
I 06 th	Connie Mack	FL	no opposition
107 th	Rick Santorum	PA	30
	Christopher Bond	MO	20
I 08 th	Rick Santorum	PA	no opposition
109 th	Rick Santorum	PA	no opposition
	Jon Kyl	AZ	no opposition
	Replacement Ele	ction of December (5, 2007
	Lamar Alexander	TN	3
	Richard Burr	NC	16

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
th	Lamar Alexander	TN	no opposition

Table 10. Senate Democratic Conference Secretaries

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 th	Frank E. Moss	UT	no opposition
95 th	Daniel K. Inouye	HI	no opposition
96 th	Daniel K. Inouye	HI	no opposition
97 th	Daniel K. Inouye	HI	no opposition
98 th	Daniel K. Inouye	HI	no opposition
99 th	Daniel K. Inouye	HI	no opposition
I O O th	Daniel K. Inouye	HI	no opposition
101.	David H. Pryor ^a	AR	-
0 st	Patrick J. Leahy	VT	-
l 02 nd	David H. Pryor	AR	no opposition
I 03 rd	David H. Pryor	AR	no opposition
104 th	Barbara A. Mikulski	MD	no opposition
105 th	Barbara A. Mikulski	MD	no opposition
106 th	Barbara A. Mikulski	MD	no opposition
107 th	Barbara A. Mikulski	MD	no opposition
I 08 th	Barbara A. Mikulski	MD	no opposition
109 th	Debbie Stabenow	MI	no opposition
I I O th	Patty Murray	WA	no opposition
	Patty Murray	WA	no opposition

Sources: Compiled by CRS from various Congressional Quarterly, Inc., publications as well as *Congressional Staff Directories* and press accounts.

Table II. Senate Republican Policy Committee Chairmen

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 th	John G. Tower	TX	no opposition
95 th	John G. Tower	TX	no opposition
96 th	John G. Tower	TX	no opposition
97 th	John G. Tower	TX	no opposition
98 th	John G. Tower	TX	no opposition
99 th	William L. Armstrong	СО	no opposition

After Senator Pryor received 28 votes, he was declared the winner by acclamation. No other votes were reported.

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
I 00 th	William L. Armstrong	СО	no opposition
0 st	William L. Armstrong	со	no opposition
102 nd		Ist Ballot	
_	Don Nickles	ОК	21
	Pete V. Domenici	NM	21
_		2 nd Ballot	
_	Don Nickles	ОК	23
	Pete V. Domenici	NM	20
I 03 rd	Don Nickles	ОК	no opposition
I 04 th	In	tial Election	
_	Don Nickles ^a	ОК	no opposition
_	Replacement Election of June 12, 1996 - 1st Ballot		
_	Larry E. Craig	ID	26
	Daniel R. Coats	IN	18
	Robert F. Bennett	UT	8
_	2 nd Ballot		
_	Larry E. Craig	ID	30
	Daniel R. Coats	IN	22
I 05 th	Larry E. Craig	ID	no opposition
106 th	Larry E. Craig	ID	no opposition
107 th	Larry E. Craig	ID	26
	Pete V. Domenici	NM	24
I 08 th	Jon Kyl	AZ	no opposition
l 09 th	Jon Kyl	AZ	no opposition
l l O th	Kay Bailey Hutchison	TX	no oppostion
	John Ensign	NV	no opposition

a. Senator Craig was elected Republican whip on June 12, 1996, to fill the vacancy caused by the election of Senator Nickels as Republican Whip.

Table 12. Senate Democratic Policy Committee

Congress	Candidates	State	Votesa
0 sta	Thomas A. Daschle	SD	-
102 nd	Thomas A. Daschle	SD	-
I 03 rd	Thomas A. Daschle	SD	-
04 th	Harry Reid	NV	-

Congress	Candidates	State	Votesa
l 05 th	Harry Reid	NV	-
106 th	Byron Dorgan	ND	-
107 th	Byron Dorgan	ND	-
I 08 th	Byron Dorgan	ND	-
09 th	Byron Dorgan	ND	-
I I O th	Byron Dorgan	ND	-
	Byron Dorgan	ND	-

a. Until the 101st Congress, the Democratic leader was also the chairman of the Senate Democratic Policy Committee. From the 101st Congress (1989-1991) through the 106th Congress (1999-2001), the Senate Democratic leader apppointed a co-chair to serve with him on the Policy Committee. Since the 107th Congress (2001), the Democratic Leader has appointed the chair of the Senate Democratic Policy Committee.

Table 13. Senate Republican Conference Secretaries/Vice Chair

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 ^{thb}	Robert T. Stafford	VT	no opposition
95 th	Clifford P. Hansen	WY	20
	Robert T. Stafford	VT	17
96 th	Edward J. (Jake) Garn	UT	21
	John H. Chafee	RI	19
97 th	Edward J. (Jake) Garn	UT	no opposition
98 th	Edward J. (Jake) Garn	UT	no opposition
99 th	Thad Cochran	MS	32
	Rudy E. Boschwitz	MN	21
I 00 th	Thad Cochran	MS	no opposition
0 st	Thad Cochran	MS	no opposition
I 02 nd	Robert W. Kasten	WI	26
	Christopher S. Bond	MO	17
	Trent Lott	MS	20
103 rd	Christopher S. Bond	MO	14
	Frank H. Murkowski	AK	5
l 04 th	Connie Mack	FL	no opposition
105 th	Paul D. Coverdell	GA	41
	Conrad R. Burns	MT	14
l 06 th	Paul D. Coverdell ^a	GA	no opposition
107 th	Kay Bailey Hutchison	TX	no opposition
108 th	Kay Bailey Hutchison	TX	no opposition

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
09th	Kay Bailey Hutchison	TX	no opposition
I I O th	John Cornyn	TX	no opposition
	John Thune	SD	no opposition

- a. Died on July 18, 2000; position left vacant for the remainder of the 106th Congress.
- b. Since the 108th Congress (2003-2005), the caucus secretary position has been known as vice chair of the Senate Republican Conference.

Table 14. Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee Chairmen

Congress	Candidates	State	V otes ^a
94 th	J. Bennett Johnston	LA	-
95 th	Wendell H. Ford	KY	-
96 th	Wendell H. Ford	KY	-
97 th	Wendell H. Ford	KY	-
98 th	Lloyd M. Bentsen	TX	-
99 th	John F. Kerry	MA	-
I 00 th	George J. Mitchell	ME	-
101st	John B. Breaux	LA	-
l 02 nd	Charles S. Robb	VA	-
IO3 rd	Bob Graham	FL	-
l 04 th	J. Robert Kerrey	NE	-
I 05 th	J. Robert Kerrey	NE	-
I 06 th	Robert G. Torricelli	NJ	-
I 07 th	Patty Murray	WA	-
I 08 th	Jon Corzine	NJ	-
09 th	Charles E. Schumer	NY	-
	Charles E. Schumer	NY	-
	Robert Menendez	NJ	-

Sources: Compiled by CRS from various Congressional Quarterly, Inc., publications as well as *Congressional Staff Directories* and press accounts.

a. The chairmen of the Senate Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee have always been appointed by the Senate Democratic leader.

Table 15. National Republican Senatorial Committee Chairmen

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
94 th	Ted Stevens	AK	no opposition
95 th	Robert W. Packwood	OR	no opposition

Congress	Candidates	State	Votes
96 th	H. John Heinz III	PA	21
	Orrin G. Hatch	UT	20
97 th	Robert W. Packwood	OR	no opposition
98 th	Richard G. Lugar	IN	29
78 th	Robert W. Packwood	OR	25
99 th	H. John Heinz III	PA	27
	Malcolm Wallop	WY	26
I 00 th	Rudy E. Boschwitz	MN	no opposition
0 st	Don Nickles	ОК	28
	John S. McCain	AZ	17
I 02 nd	Phil Gramm	TX	26
	Mitch McConnell	KY	17
03 rd	Phil Gramm	TX	20
10314	Mitch McConnell	KY	19
l 04 th	Mitch McConnell	KY	no opposition
l 05 th	Mitch McConnell	KY	no opposition
l 06 th	Mitch McConnell	KY	39
	Chuck Hagel	NE	13
I 07 th	William Frist	TN	no opposition
I 08 th	George Allen	VA	no opposition
l 09 th	Elizabeth Dole	NC	28
	Norm Coleman	MN	27
I I O th	John Ensign	NV	no opposition
	John Cornyn	TX	no opposition

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- Experienced Program Design and Delivery—We have designed and delivered hundreds of custom programs covering congressional/legislative operations, budget process, media training, writing skills, legislative drafting, advocacy, research, testifying before Congress, grassroots, and more.
- **Professional Materials**—We provide training materials and publications that show how Washington works. Our publications are designed both as course materials and as invaluable reference tools.
- Large Team of Experienced Faculty—More than 150 faculty members provide independent subject matter expertise. Each program is designed using the best faculty member for each session.
- Non-Partisan—TheCapitol.Net is non-partisan.
- **GSA Schedule**—TheCapitol.Net is on the GSA Schedule, 874-4, for custom on-site training: GSA Contract GS02F0192X.

Please see our Capability Statement on our web site at TCNCS.com.

Custom training programs are designed to meet your educational and training goals, each led by independent subject-matter experts best qualified to help you reach your educational objectives and align with your audience.

As part of your custom program, we can also provide classroom space, breaks and meals, receptions, tours, and online registration and individual attendee billing services.

For more information about custom on-site training for your organization, please see our web site: **TCNCustom.com** or call us: 202-678-1600, ext 115.







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