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Summary of Changes

Includes instructions on how to request a TAFS to be exempt from apportionment (section <u>120.5</u>).

Clarifies a requirement for accounts with both discretionary and mandatory balances to include a line split indicator for mandatory balances (section 120.20).

Clarifies the process for line splits for use in an allocation apportionment request that includes both parent/child (section 120.29).

States how accounts impacted by CHIMPs are apportioned during a continuing resolution (section 120.60).

References the footnote required if a TAFS is under the continuing resolution and is reapportioned without the CR budgetary resources reflected (section 120.60).

Adds the requirement that funds temporarily precluded during a continuing resolution for special or trust funds TAFS apportionments need to be reflected on line 1135 instead of line 1134 (section 120.61).

Adds exhibit that reflects an annual account (category A) post-continuing resolution (Exhibit 1201).

INTRODUCTION TO APPORTIONMENTS

120.1 What is an apportionment?

An *apportionment* is an OMB-approved plan to use budgetary resources (31 U.S.C. 1513(b); Executive Order 11541). It typically limits the obligations you may incur for specified time periods, programs, activities, projects, objects, or any combination thereof. An apportionment is legally binding, and obligations and expenditures (disbursements) that exceed an apportionment are a violation of, and are subject to reporting under, the Antideficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 1517(a)(1), (b)). See section <u>145</u> for more on reporting violations of the Antideficiency Act.

120.2 What terms and concepts should I understand to work with apportionments?

<u>Account-specific apportionments</u> are approved by an OMB Deputy Associate Director (or designee) and typically include specific amounts. They are in contrast to automatic apportionments, described below.

A Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol (TAFS) has <u>adjustment authority</u> if OMB has approved an apportionment with a footnote in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (footnote indicator that starts with A) describing what new or additional resources are automatically apportioned without the need for OMB to approve a new apportionment and a YES is in the Line Split column of the adjustment authority line (AdjAut). For instance, OMB may provide adjustment authority for cases where actual earned reimbursements exceed the estimate on the apportionment. For more on adjustment authority, see sections <u>120.49</u> and <u>120.50</u>.

The <u>Antideficiency Act</u> prohibits Federal employees from obligating or disbursing amounts in excess of an appropriation, an apportionment (or in its absence), an allotment, a suballotment or any other subdivisions of funds that are identified in your agency's administrative control of funds. For more on the Antideficiency Act, see section <u>145</u>.

An amount is <u>apportioned</u> for obligation in the current fiscal year when it appears on the Category A, Category B, or Category AB lines. Amounts apportioned for obligation in future fiscal years appear on the Category C lines. The Application of Budgetary Resources section also includes lines for amounts that are exempt from apportionment or not apportioned for either current or future fiscal years.

An *automatic apportionment* is approved by the OMB Director in the form of a Bulletin or provision in Circular A-11, and typically describes a formula that agencies will use to calculate apportioned amounts. An automatic apportionment is in contrast to the account-specific apportionments, described above, which typically include specific amounts, and which are approved by an OMB Deputy Associate Director (or designee).

<u>*Carryover amounts*</u> are unobligated balances that are available from the prior fiscal year(s) in multi-year and no-year accounts. See section <u>120.23</u> regarding the submission, for OMB approval, of requests for the apportionment of carryover amounts. Pursuant to sections <u>120.7</u> and <u>120.57</u>, carryover amounts are automatically apportioned at zero until an account-specific apportionment is issued for such amounts.

<u>Category A, Category B, Category AB or Category C</u>—Apportioned amounts appear on different groups of lines in the application of budgetary resources section of an apportionment. Amounts are identified in an apportionment-

- by time (Category A),
- by program, project, or activity (Category B),
- by a combination of program, project, or activity and time period (Category AB),
- for future years (only for multi-year/no-year accounts) (Category C).

You must report obligations to Treasury with the same categories as used on the apportionment.

<u>Exception apportionment</u> is a colloquial term that describes a type of account-specific apportionment that is issued for operations under a continuing resolution (CR), in lieu of the OMB-issued automatic apportionment. (This excludes account-specific written apportionments for an anomaly provided in the CR.)

<u>Footnotes</u> provide additional information and direction beyond the line stubs and dollar amounts. See section 120.34 for more information.

Impoundment—Pursuant to the Impoundment Control Act, apportionments may also set aside all or a portion of the amounts available for obligation.

- Amounts *deferred* through the apportionment process are those portions of the total amounts available for obligation that are specifically set aside as temporarily not available until released by OMB.
- Amounts withheld pending *rescission* are those portions that are set aside pending the enactment of legislation reducing the authority to obligate such funds.

For further information on deferrals and rescissions, including the difference between an impoundment and a cancellation proposed by the President, see section 112.

The <u>line split</u> column allows you to provide information about a line or to distinguish between two or more budgetary resource amounts that you would otherwise put on a single line. For more details on line splits, see section <u>120.19</u>.

<u>Memo obligations</u> are amounts obligated during the current fiscal year at the time the apportionment request is prepared. The date of the obligations is at the top of the column.

<u>Program reporting category</u>—Agencies and OMB will work together to determine the program reporting categories (if any) under which the agencies will report their obligations in their SF 133 Reports on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources (see section 130). Program reporting categories should be based on elements that agencies track in their financial systems. Though you are encouraged to use program reporting categories, there are some cases where OMB and agencies will choose not to use any.

The program reporting categories are not used to apportion funds and are not subject to the Antideficiency Act (<u>Appendix G</u>).

<u>*Reapportionments*</u> are made when you need to make changes to the previously approved apportionment for the current year. For example, you should request a reapportionment when approved apportionments are no longer appropriate or applicable because the amounts available for obligation have increased or unforeseen events have occurred.

The <u>Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol (TAFS)</u>, combines the Treasury agency or department code, the Federal account symbol, and the period of availability of the resources in the account. The period of availability may be annual, multi-year, or no-year. Annual TAFS have funds that are available for obligation for no longer than one fiscal year. Multi-year TAFS have funds that are available for a specified period of time in excess of one fiscal year. No-year TAFS have funds that are available until expended. See section 20.4 for more details.

The Department of the Treasury's list of account symbols may be found here: http://fiscal.treasury.gov/fsreports/ref/fastbook/fastbook_home.htm

120.3 Are apportionments made at the Treasury appropriation fund symbol (TAFS) level?

Yes, apportionments are only made at the TAFS level. See section 20.11 for more details on TAFSs. For cases of allocation transfers, see section 120.29.

120.4 What TAFSs are required to be apportioned?

All TAFSs are required to be apportioned, except in the case of a TAFS that is in its entirety exempt from apportionment. See section 120.6 for a TAFS that is partially exempt from apportionment.

120.5 What TAFSs are exempt from apportionment?

The following types of TAFSs are exempt from apportionment:

- TAFSs specifically exempted from apportionment by <u>31 U.S.C. 1511(b)</u> or other laws.
- TAFSs for which budgetary resources:
 - are available only for transfer to other TAFSs (unless OMB determines otherwise);
 - have expired for obligational purposes (in this case, the last apportionment during the unexpired phase applies); or
 - have been fully obligated before the beginning of the fiscal year.
- TAFS of the following types, which the OMB Director may exempt from apportionment pursuant to <u>31 U.S.C. 1516</u>:
 - Trust funds or working funds if an expenditure from the fund has no significant effect on the financial operations of the United States Government;
 - Management funds (Treasury TAFSs with the symbols 3900–3999);
 - Payment of claims, judgments, refunds, and drawbacks;
 - Payment under private relief acts and other laws that require payment to a designated payee in the total amount provided in such acts;
 - ▶ Foreign currency fund TAFSs (unless OMB requests), section <u>120.63;</u>
 - Interest on, or retirement of, the public debt; and
 - Items the President has determined to be of a confidential nature for apportionment and budget execution purposes.

In order to request that the OMB Director exempt a TAFS from apportionment, you must send in a formal request with the justification to your OMB Deputy Associate Director (DAD, or designee). Your DAD will formally notify you in writing about your exemption request. Memoranda that the DAD provides to the agency providing an exemption will also be posted within the apportionment system.

To see a list of TAFS that are exempt from apportionment, a report is available through the apportionment system.

120.6 Can a portion of my TAFS be exempt from apportionment?

Yes, in a very limited number of cases, only a portion of the budgetary resources for a TAFS must be apportioned. In these cases, agencies must show the full amount of budgetary resources, show the amounts subject to apportionment on apportioned lines, and show the amounts not subject to apportionment on Line 6183, Exempt from apportionment.

120.7 Do I need to submit an apportionment every fiscal year for TAFS that are multi-year/no-year?

Yes. Multi-year/no-year TAFS with unexpired budgetary resources available for obligation MUST be apportioned every fiscal year, unless exempt under section <u>120.5</u>. See also section <u>120.57</u>.

120.8 Can I incur obligations without an apportionment?

No, an obligation cannot be incurred without an OMB approved apportionment (account-specific or automatic), except when the relevant account, from which the amounts are being obligated, is exempt from apportionment. The Antideficiency Act (section <u>145</u>) prohibits the incurring of obligations that exceed the approved apportionment amount (including, e.g., purchase services or merchandise). See section <u>145</u> for specifics on the Antideficiency Act.

120.9 Can I use an apportionment to resolve legal issues about the availability of funds?

No. The apportionment of funds is not a means for resolving any question dealing with the legality of the amounts available by law or the legality of using funds for the purpose for which they are apportioned. Any question as to the legality of the amounts available by law, or the legality of using funds for a particular purpose, must be resolved through legal channels.

WHAT IS IN AN APPORTIONMENT?

120.10 How is the apportionment organized?

The top of the apportionment shows the name and account number of the TAFS being apportioned, and often includes other descriptive information, e.g., agency name, bureau name, budget account name and number.

The apportionment always includes two sections: Budgetary Resources and Application of Budgetary Resources. The Budgetary Resources section always appears toward the top of the apportionment, and shows all budgetary resources, e.g., appropriations, reductions, non-expenditure transfers, in the TAFS. The Application of Budgetary Resources shows apportioned amounts, which are legal limits that restrict how much an agency can obligate, when it can obligate, and what projects, programs, and activities it can obligate for.

Apportionments for guaranteed loan accounts include a third section, Guaranteed Loan Levels and Applications.

Each section of an apportionment includes line numbers and descriptions of all pertinent amounts. See Exhibit $\underline{120A}$ for a complete list of line numbers. Appendix F describes each line in detail.

120.11 Why is the Budgetary Resources section needed?

The budgetary resources section is necessary for several reasons.

- First, it provides sufficient detail for OMB to see what level of funding is coming into the TAFS and therefore available to be apportioned. In many cases, apportioned amounts tie back to amounts on specific budgetary resource lines.
- Second, budgetary resource lines on apportionments match the lines used in the President's Budget Program and Financing schedule and SF 133 Report on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources. The reason that these three presentations use the same line numbers is to facilitate comparisons that provide agencies and OMB with a basis to know they are looking at the right numbers. In addition, the Budget Enforcement Act (BEA) category (i.e., discretionary or

mandatory) information in this section is provided to the Treasury Department to facilitate agency reporting of BEA information in budget execution reports.

• Third, the apportionment is the first step in a fiscal year's budget execution process, and provides the basis for agencies to post information in their funds control and financial systems.

120.12 After OMB approves an apportionment, can I obligate against all budgetary resources?

Not necessarily. You should not obligate until apportioned amounts have been allotted in accordance with your agency's OMB-approved funds control regulations (see section <u>150</u>, Administrative Control of Funds). There are other circumstances in which you cannot obligate funds following an apportionment. For example, you cannot obligate against anticipated resources. You must wait until the resources are realized before incurring obligations. Additionally, in some cases, a footnote to the apportionment will state that amounts are apportioned, but are only available for obligation when specified events occur (such as an agency taking certain action).

120.13 What is the format of the Applications of Budgetary Resources section and what categories does OMB use to apportion funds?

OMB usually uses one of four categories to apportion budgetary resources in a TAFS.

<u>Category A</u> apportions budgetary resources by fiscal quarters, e.g., quarter one (October 1 through December 31), quarter two (January 1 through March 31). Lines 6001 through 6004 are used for quarters one through four, respectively.

<u>Category B</u> apportions budgetary resources by program, project, activities, objects or a combination of these categories. Lines 6011 through 6110 are used for Category B apportioned amounts. One TAFS can potentially have dozens of Category B apportionments, each pertaining to specific activities, projects, and so on. There are also cases when it makes programmatic sense for OMB to use a single, Category B apportionment for a given TAFS.

<u>Category AB</u> apportions budgetary resources by a combination of fiscal quarters and projects. You may use Lines 6111 through 6159 to apportion a maximum of 12 projects in this manner. The table below shows which lines are reserved for which quarters.

Lines\Quarters	
6111 - 6114 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #1
6115 - 6118 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #2
6119 - 6122 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #3
6123 - 6126 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #4
6127 - 6130 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #5
6131 - 6134 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #6
6135 - 6138 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #7
6139 - 6142 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #8
6143 - 6146 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #9
6147 - 6150 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #10
6151 – 6154 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #11

	Lines\Quarters	
(6155 – 6158 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)	Project #12

<u>Category C</u> apportions budgetary resources in multi-year and no-year TAFSs into future fiscal years. Lines 6170 thru 6173 are used for Category C apportioned amounts. (Note: Category C amounts that OMB apportions in one year are not available for you to obligate against in the following year. For these amounts to be available, OMB must approve a new request in the following year that apportions these amounts on Category A, B, or AB lines.) See section <u>120.52</u> for additional information.

Apportionments may include a combination of categories.

<u>In some cases (uncommon), budgetary resources are not apportioned.</u> In such cases, the non-apportioned budgetary resources are shown using one of four apportionment lines —

(1) Withheld pending rescission (rarely used),

(2) Deferred (rarely used),

(3) Unapportioned balance of a revolving fund, and

(4) Exempt from apportionment (uncommon, and used in TAFSs with both budgetary resources subject to and exempt from apportionment — at the bottom of the section on the Application of Budgetary Resources). See <u>Appendix F</u> for definitions of these lines.

Agencies must report obligations to Treasury (GTAS) using the same level of specificity as appears on the apportioned section of your most recent approved apportionment. For instance, if OMB uses a single Category B project with five program reporting categories, you must report obligations for each program reporting category. Likewise, if OMB uses 10 Category B projects and you incur obligations for each of these projects, your GTAS submission and SF 133 budget execution report must show obligations for each of these 10 Category B categories and continue to report them in the expired phase.

120.14 What is the format of the Guaranteed Loan Levels and Applications section?

An apportionment for guaranteed loan financing accounts can have a third section, Guaranteed Loan Levels and Applications section. This section shows limitations on loan levels by program level either from the current year and/or unused from prior year(s), and the application of the program level by quarter, risk category, or a combination. The total of the limitation on loan levels by program level should equal the total of the application of the program levels.

120.15 What other kinds of information may an apportionment include?

Many kinds of additional information can be integrated into an apportionment request. Here are some examples.

<u>Allocations</u>. The allocations tab (if required by your RMO examiner) includes a list of all transfer allocation (or children) accounts that are expected to receive a non-expenditure transfer of funds from the parent TAFS being apportioned. The <u>allocation accounts are subject to the Antideficiency Act</u>. Unless OMB separately apportions an allocation account after apportioning the parent account, the allocation account must follow all apportioned amounts, footnotes, and other guidance of the parent account (see section <u>120.29</u> for more details).

Cover Letter. OMB's apportionments are often accompanied by cover letters, which can be very brief or detailed depending on many factors. Cover letters are not subject to the Antideficiency Act.

<u>Footnotes</u>. Footnotes appear on one of three tabs: "Previously Approved Footnotes", "Agency Footnotes", and "OMB Footnotes." The OMB footnotes in the application of budgetary resources section (footnote indicator starts with A) are subject to the Antideficiency Act. See section <u>120.34</u> for additional information on footnotes.

<u>Program Reporting Categories</u>. When used, these identify the level of detail that an agency must use in reporting its obligations on SF 133 budget execution reports. These appear on the PgmCat tab in the apportionment request. These are not subject to the Antideficiency Act. See section <u>120.67</u> for additional information program reporting categories.

<u>System-generated reports</u>. When agencies validate requests, the apportionment system sometimes creates reports showing latest SF 133 versus the apportionment request; warrants; and, non-expenditure transfers. These are not subject to the Antideficiency Act.

<u>Additional tabs</u>. Apportionments are almost always prepared, submitted and approved in Excel files. Certain tabs in the Excel file house the apportionment request or footnotes. Others are reserved for other specific kinds of information. Agencies may also use additional tabs as attachments to the apportionment. Tabs in the Excel file are subject to the Antideficiency Act unless clearly stated otherwise in the apportionment (see section 120.36).

<u>Attachments.</u> Attachments may include Word, PDF, or Excel files with a wide range of information that pertains to the apportionment request, but that is not included in the Excel file containing the request. If these attachments are cited in the apportionment, they are subject to the Antideficiency Act. See section 120.36 on how to clearly state that the attachments are not subject to the Antideficiency Act.

PREPARING THE APPORTIONMENT REQUEST

120.16 How can I submit an apportionment request?

The vast majority of apportionments are submitted by agencies and approved by OMB using OMB's secure, web-based apportionment system. When questions or issues arise using the system, please send the Excel file you are working with and a brief description of the issue to "apportionment@omb.eop.gov". Please direct questions of a substantive nature to your OMB representative.

In a limited number of cases necessitated by extenuating circumstances, OMB may approve an apportionment by phone, e-mail, or other non-system methods. Once the extenuating circumstances have passed, agencies and OMB should process these same requests using the apportionment system.

120.17 Is there a standard, set number of lines to show in an apportionment request?

No. While the format of the request is fixed and uses specific columns to hold certain kinds of information, the number of lines used for a given TAFS varies considerably. The apportionment system allows you to pick from more than 125 different budgetary resource lines, but agencies will only want to show amounts on a few of these lines for any given TAFS. For example, a TAFS with only an annual appropriation may just use one budgetary resource line.

The system provides significant flexibility to allow agencies to put in other lines with zero amounts. For instance, an apportionment for a given TAFS might show all discretionary appropriations lines, but no mandatory appropriations lines. Agencies must work closely with their OMB representatives in determining which budgetary resource lines to show with zero amounts.



The House of Representatives and Senate Explained

Congressional Procedure

A Practical Guide to the Legislative Process in the U.S. Congress

Richard A. Arenberg

Foreword by Alan S. Frumin



Exhibit <u>120A</u> shows all possible line choices that are available in the apportionment system.

120.18 What header information at the top of the apportionment must I complete?

The header must provide the fiscal year for the apportionment and a public law. The public law reference may be descriptive if there are multiple public laws covered by the apportionment or if the annual appropriations act is not enacted. Some examples are:

- Funds provided by Public Law N/A Carryover
- Funds provided by Public Law N/A Multiple

120.19 What do I put in each column of the apportionment request?

Exhibit <u>120A</u> shows all the columns used in an apportionment request. The columns show the TAFS; line number, description, and line split; previous approved, agency request, OMB action amounts and footnotes; and, memo obligations. Each of these is described below.

TAFS. TAFS information appears in columns A through F of apportionment requests. The columns show: Treasury agency; period of availability (FY1 and FY2); and allocation account and sub-account, if applicable. For presentation purposes, these columns are often hidden. You can unhide these columns if necessary. As part of validating requests or sending requests, the system checks that these columns are filled out properly; if they are not, the system provides an error message.

Line numbers. Exhibit <u>120A</u> shows a complete list of line numbers and descriptions.

Line splits. You must provide line split in the following cases:

- The <u>IterNo</u> (Iteration Number) line shows the number of times OMB has approved (apportioned) an apportionment for a given TAFS in a fiscal year. No action is necessary if you use the Create Template function in the apportionment system as a starting point for preparing your requests. The apportionment system automatically puts in the Iteration Number in the line split column, as well as puts the last approval date in the line stub column.
- The RptCat line indicates whether the TAFS uses Program Reporting Categories. Use "YES" or "NO", as appropriate, for the line split column.
- The AdjAut line indicates whether OMB has approved a footnote in the application of budgetary resources section (footnote indicator that starts with A) on the apportionment specific types of adjustments to be made without submitting a reapportionment request. Use "YES" or "NO", as appropriate, for the line split column. (See Section 120.50.)
- Line 1000 shows unobligated balances. For unobligated balances in no-year and multi-year TAFSs with both mandatory and discretionary funding, you must use a line split that starts with the letter "D" to show the portion of the balances that are discretionary. To distinguish between estimated and actual balances, use line splits of "E" to show estimated balances or "A" to show actual balances. Use "DE" or "DA" to indicate estimated from actual discretionary balances, respectively, and use "ME" and "MA" to indicate estimated from actual mandatory balances (section <u>120.20</u>).

You may use the line splits to distinguish between two or more amounts that you would otherwise put on a single line. For example, you may use line splits to distinguish between two or more sources of

collections, to distinguish between unobligated balances from reimbursable authority versus direct appropriations, or even to distinguish sequestration amounts on an apportionment.

You cannot use line number splits for the Application of Budgetary Resources section.

Previous Approved Amount.

- Leave the column blank for the first request you submit for a given fiscal year. See Exhibits <u>120C</u>, and <u>120F</u> for examples of an annual (one-year) appropriation, a no-year appropriation, and appropriations provided by a continuing resolution.
- Include amounts from the "OMB Action" column of the previously approved apportionment within the same fiscal year. This includes any adjustments under sections <u>120.49</u> or any other adjustment authority granted to you by OMB in writing (<u>120.50</u>).
- When appropriations are enacted following one or more CRs, include the amounts from the last CR in this column (see section <u>120.61</u>) unless otherwise required by your RMO.

Previous Approved Footnote Indicator. For reapportionment requests add the indicator, e.g., A1, B1\B2, which indicates that a footnote(s) appears on the previous approved footnote worksheet tab. If your earlier apportionment had footnotes, the worksheet tab will be automatically populated by the apportionment system.

Agency Request. Include the amounts you are requesting in this column.

Agency Footnote Indicator. Include an indicator, e.g., A1, B1, which indicates that a footnote appears on the agency footnote tab. See section 120.34 for more information on footnotes.

OMB Action. The apportionment system places formulas in the OMB Action column to set it equal to the Agency Request column. OMB will adjust the OMB Action values as necessary when reviewing and approving your request.

OMB Footnote Indicator. Include an indicator, e.g., A1, B1, which indicates that a footnote appears on the approved footnote tab. The footnotes in the OMB Footnote column override all other footnotes.

Memo Obligations. Include memorandum obligations in this column. Also include the date of the obligations using the MM-DD-YYYY format on the RptCat row. The memo obligations support your reapportionment request.

120.20 Do I need to follow special conventions to show the portion of discretionary balances in split accounts (TAFS with both mandatory and discretionary funds)?

Yes. For unobligated balances in no-year and multi-year TAFSs with both mandatory and discretionary funding (split accounts), you must show the discretionary portion of the balances by using a line split that starts with the letter "D" and you must show the mandatory portion of the balances by using a line split that starts with the letter "M". You will do this solely on Line 1000, Unobligated balance, brought forward, Oct. 1. You must also change the Line Stub to start with the word Discretionary, e.g., Discretionary Unobligated balance, brought forward, Oct. 1 or Mandatory Unobligated balance, brought forward, Oct. 1, as appropriate. Many agencies use line splits of "E" or "A" to distinguish Estimated from Actual balances, respectively. In these cases, you would use "DE" or "MA" to indicate estimated from actual discretionary balances, respectively.

120.21 Can I use amounts that include decimal points or cents in an apportionment?

No. You must round all amounts to a dollar in apportionment requests. In addition, you may not round amounts to thousands. If you need to round up, the delta between the actual cents and the amount apportioned is not available for obligation and your funds control system must reflect that. Additionally, you should footnote the apportionment to describe the rounding. A single footnote specifying the difference between the rounded and unrounded amounts is acceptable or indicating that rounding has occurred and will not match amounts as reported on the SF 133.

120.22 Should I use a specific numeric format in the Excel file that holds my request?

Yes, you must use whole numbers (decimal points are not permitted) or blanks in numeric columns. Numeric columns include the Previous Approved Amount, Agency Request, OMB Action, and Memorandum Obligations columns. Numbers (including zero) must be formatted using the number format with thousands separator (a comma), and with a leading negative sign (-). You cannot use asterisk, special characters, or letters in numeric columns of any apportionment request. Further, you cannot format a number, zero or otherwise, to appear as an asterisk or other special character. There is a single exception. In the memorandum obligations column only, you may use a date format on the RptCat line.

If	Then, submit your first apportionment request by					
Any part of the budgetary resources for a TAFS is not determined by current action of the Congress (such as permanent appropriations, public enterprise and other revolving funds subject to apportionment, reimbursements and other income, and balances of prior year budget authority)	August 21, as required by <u>31 U.S.C. 1513(b)</u>					
All or any part of the budgetary resources for a TAFS are determined by current action of the Congress	August 21, or within 10 calendar days after the enactment of the appropriation or substantive acts providing new budget authority (i.e., authorization bills), whichever is later					

120.23 When are apportionments due at OMB for a new fiscal year?

After August 21, OMB requires an explanation for any delayed initial apportionment requests in accounts with budgetary resources not dependent on current action of the Congress.

We encourage you to begin preparation of apportionments and related materials as soon as the House and Senate have reached agreement on funding levels. In this way, you can make a timely submission of your request to OMB, and OMB can have adequate time for its review.

120.24 When is the apportionment system open for a new fiscal year?

The apportionment system will open to agencies to start preparing requests no later than August 1 (or the following business day). Agencies can submit their requests starting August 8.

120.25 Can I combine TAFSs on a single apportionment?

No. From time to time, agencies ask whether they can combine the amounts from two or more TAFS, and submit an apportionment for this single "combined" TAFS (e.g., miscellaneous accounts). Agencies may not do this because the apportionments must tie back to the statutory authority, which explicitly makes distinctions between accounts and defines the period of availability of the funds in the accounts. These are the same pieces of information that distinguish one TAFS from another.

120.26 Should I assemble apportionment requests for multiple TAFSs in a single package or file?

Yes, unless your OMB representative determines otherwise. To the extent practical, submit apportionment requests for each independent agency, departmental bureau, or similar subdivision together.

120.27 Can I cross-check information in the Budgetary Resources section?

Yes. You can cross-check information in certain cases against the President's Budget or the most recent SF 133 Reports. In addition, for general fund TAFSs, you should check that appropriations and warrants by Treasury (if any) are consistent and you can check that actual non-expenditure transfers match transfers processed at Treasury. See https://max.omb.gov/community/x/HAAQAw.

120.28 Who can approve the apportionment request for the agency?

Agencies must use appropriate internal controls in preparing apportionment requests, and specifically ensure that the agency official with authority to review and approve the request has done so. The approving official at the agency is not required to sign the request that is sent to OMB, but may do so if required by the agency's internal controls or if requested by the OMB examining division. OMB's apportionment system does not accommodate electronic signatures of agency officials.

120.29 Who is responsible for preparing the apportionment request for allocation (parent/child) accounts?

Allocation accounts involve both a "parent" appropriation and a "child" recipient of budgetary resources via an allocation non-expenditure transfer. For instance, if an appropriation is enacted to the Funds Appropriated to the President's International Military Education and Training account (11-1081 /X), and a subsequent allocation is made to the Department of the Army (Treasury agency 21), then the allocation non-expenditure transfer from 11-1081 /X to Army would be as follows: 11-1081 /X transfer to 21-11-1081 /X.

Unless OMB determines otherwise, the agency that receives the appropriation to be allocated (the "parent") should submit a single, consolidated apportionment request that encompasses both the parent TAFS and all the allocated recipient "child" agencies and/or bureau TAFS (see Exhibit <u>1200</u> for an example that uses line splits to distinguish between the parent and children on the apportionment). Additionally, allocation transfers are normally apportioned at the same category level as the parent account (e.g., Category A, B, AB, or C). The agency administering the parent TAFS will indicate to the receiving agency what portion of the consolidated apportionment is transferred to the allocation TAFS.

Note that only Category A apportioned amounts can use line splits to distinguish parent from the child (see Exhibit 120Q); category B apportioned amounts cannot use a line split to make such distinctions. In this scenario, you could apportion two separate category B amounts as follows:

- Line 6011: PPA name XX (parent)
- Line 6012: PPA name XX (child)

Allocation account apportionments, however, can be done in different ways. See Exhibit $\underline{120S}$ for an example of a parent-only allocation apportionment and Exhibit $\underline{120R}$ for an example of a child-only allocation transfer apportionment.

The parent agency must ensure that the recipients are provided the approved apportionment request on a timely basis. Obligations incurred for the program as a whole are limited by the approved apportionment. Receiving agencies will be responsible for keeping obligations within the amount so specified in the apportionment or to the amount transferred to it from the parent.

If you have an apportionment that includes allocations, your RMO representative may require you to include a worksheet, named Allocations, to show the required information. The name of the worksheet must be Allocations and cannot be changed. (See Exhibit <u>120T.</u>) You do not need to include an Allocations worksheet if you are not using allocations.

In order for the transfers to crosswalk correctly in the SF 133 and President's Budget, please ensure that both the parent and child use the appropriate USSGL for allocation transfers (http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl/index.html).

SUBMITTING APPORTIONMENT REQUESTS

120.30 How do I submit apportionment requests to OMB?

Agencies will typically use OMB's web-based apportionment system to submit their apportionment requests to OMB (see section <u>120.32</u> for getting permission in the system to send). In those circumstances when you are unable to use the web-based system, e-mail the Excel file containing your request to your OMB representative. You will almost always be required to send OMB an electronic copy of the apportionment request. In some cases, the OMB representative may request you to provide a hard copy of the signed request.

120.31 What functions will I perform using the apportionment system?

OMB's web-based apportionment system is the primary system agencies will use to prepare, submit, and run reports on their apportionment requests. Staffers with authority to use the system may use the Support\Links tab to find detailed guidance on using the system.

Below is a brief overview of the major functions.

(a) Create template

Use the Create Template screen to get a starting point for your request. If the TAFS you are working with has already been apportioned in the fiscal year for which you are submitting a request, the system will create a properly formatted Excel file with the most recently approved information in the Previous Approved column. If the TAFS has not yet been apportioned or has never been apportioned, you can draw source data from a previous fiscal year and/or a different TAFS to provide a starting point for your request.

(b) Validate

After you have created a template and updated it to reflect the proper information for your request, use the Validate Request screen to do two things: check for any math or formatting errors, and if there are no

errors, create a new file that is ready to be submitted to OMB. This file will have several Excel tabs that were not in your original template. It will have the tab called Appor_Req_to_OMB with the primary apportionment information. It will have a tab to hold any footnotes that OMB may wish to include with the apportionment. If any of the TAFSs in your file have warrants, transfers, or SF 133 data (excluding parent or child allocation accounts) for the fiscal year of your requests, the validated file will also have tabs to display these items. You will need to download and save this file wherever you keep your apportionment files.

(c) Send

If your agency administrator has given you the ability to send requests, you can use the Send tab to send files to OMB, or in some cases, to send files to a central office in your agency that will approve requests and send them to OMB.

(d) Run reports

At any time, you can go to the Run Reports tab to find information associated with your apportionment request, including the latest approved amounts, the latest submission and approval dates, etc.

120.32 How do I gain access to the apportionment system?

The apportionment system can be found here: <u>https://apportionment.max.gov</u>

In order to use the apportionment system to prepare requests and run reports, you must have a MAX User ID and your agency administrator must add you to one or more apportionment groups. Your administrator may also choose to give you the ability to submit requests to OMB.

You can register for a MAX User ID here: https://max.omb.gov/maxportal/registrationForm.action

You can find your agency administrator here:

https://max.omb.gov/maxportal/sa/findAgencyAdminForm.do

120.33 Are there situations when I would not use the apportionment system?

In limited circumstances during a continuing resolution period, OMB will sometimes apportion certain types of budgetary resources, such as spending authority from offsetting collections, using a blanket written letter apportionment. Once appropriations are enacted, agencies must submit requests using the OMB apportionment system. Consult your OMB representative for more information.

FOOTNOTES TO APPORTIONMENTS

120.34 What are apportionment footnotes (and footnote indicators)?

The request tab of an apportionment includes columns for previously approved amounts, agency request, and OMB action. Next to each of these columns, in turn, is a column for a footnote indicator. The use of a footnote indicator on the request tab, e.g., A1, B1, indicates that one or more footnotes are associated with that line.

Footnotes appear as textual descriptions on specific tabs in the apportionment file, and typically provide additional information or direction associated with one or more lines on the request. A request includes

separate footnote tabs associated with amounts in the previously approved request column, agency requests column, and OMB Action column. Footnotes are divided into two basic groups: footnotes for apportioned amounts (in the Application of Budgetary Resources section), and informational footnotes for budgetary resources.

<u>Footnotes for Apportioned Amounts (Application of Budgetary Resources section)</u>. Each footnote indicator in this section begins with the letter A. These footnotes are associated with one or more lines in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (the bottom section of the apportionment, OMB action column), have legal effect, and are subject to the Antideficiency Act. For example, a footnote may allow for an upward adjustment of budgetary resources in excess of amounts prescribed in section 120.49 without the need for further action by OMB.

<u>Footnotes for Budgetary Resources (Budgetary Resources section)</u>. Each footnote indicator in this section begins with the letter B. These footnotes are informational and are associated with one or more lines in the Budgetary Resources section (the top section of the apportionment). For example, a footnote may identify the source of offsetting collections or explain the basis for amounts on a recovery line. Because these footnotes are not in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (e.g., apportioned), they have no legal effect.

<u>Indicators for footnotes</u>. Footnotes are designated (indicated) through a letter/number combination. Each footnote indicator starts with a letter A or B (A for apportioned amounts in the application of budgetary resource section; B for budgetary resource), which is followed by a one- or two-digit number: e.g., B1. If a single line has more than one footnote, separate the indicators with commas: A1, A2, A3.

You can find more detailed implementation guidance in OMB's secure, web-based apportionment system under the "Open Support \ Links" tab in navigation menu.

120.35 Do footnotes starting with the letter A correspond to Category A apportioned amounts while those starting with the letter B relate to Category B apportioned amounts?

No. Footnote indicators associated with lines in the Budgetary Resources section start with the letter B. Footnote indicators associated with lines in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (apportioned amounts) start with the letter A (irrespective of whether apportioned amounts are Category A, B, AB, or C).

120.36 Will footnotes and attachments become part of the apportionment?

Yes. Unless otherwise specified on the apportionment, the apportionment approved by an OMB official and all attachments transmitted to the agency that are cited in the apportionment in the Application of Budgetary Resources section become part of the apportionment and are subject to the Antideficiency Act (including footnotes in the Application of Budgetary Resources section). Any cover letter is not part of the apportionment.

Apportionments must clearly state if any tabs or cited attachments are not subject to the Antideficiency Act. An example of a statement to use in the apportionment is as follows: "This attachment is not subject to 31 U.S.C. 1517".

120.37 What footnotes are required for agencies to include in their apportionment requests?

There is no universal requirement to include footnotes in an apportionment request. Many apportionments are approved without footnotes. Here are examples of cases where you use footnotes:

- If you submit an apportionment request and OMB included footnotes in the OMB Footnotes tab of the last approved apportionment, the previously approved footnote indicators must appear in the Prev Footnote column and the text must appear in the Previously Approved Footnotes tab.
- If a particular TAFS has a standard footnote year after year, retain it in your request unless you have consulted with OMB.
- Include any footnotes your OMB examining division has specifically directed you to include.
- Unless OMB determines otherwise, when amounts are automatically apportioned (as specified in sections <u>120.49</u>, <u>120.50</u> (if applicable) or section <u>185.20</u>) and there is a subsequent need for reapportionment, show automatically apportioned amounts in the previously approved column. Include a footnote noting where changes have been previously made as automatic apportionments.

120.38 What footnotes are recommended for agencies to include in their apportionment requests?

Agencies may footnote each apportionment for annual and/or multi-year TAFS only (not necessary for no-year TAFS) if you believe that the current TAFS will be needed to liquidate canceled appropriations. In those cases, use the following footnote:

"Pursuant to <u>31 U.S.C. 1553(b)</u>, not to exceed one percent of the total appropriations for this account is apportioned for the purpose of paying legitimate obligations related to canceled appropriations."

APPROVING APPORTIONMENT REQUESTS

120.39 How will OMB indicate its approval of an apportionment?

When OMB approves an apportionment through the apportionment system, you will receive an e-mail with the approved Excel file attached. The e-mail will be from 'FN-OMB-Apportionment', and the subject line will include the words 'Approved Apportionment'.

- The Excel file will include a tab called 'Approval Info', which shows the name, title, and digital signature imprint of the OMB official who approved the apportionment, as well as other pertinent information.
 - The official who approves the apportionment may affix her or his electronic signature to the request; or
 - The official approving a request may sign a paper copy in ink and instruct a staffer to put a digitized picture of the official's signature (along with a note saying which staffer affixed the signature) on the apportionment.

In some cases, the 'Approval Info' tab may not be present. In those cases, OMB will e-mail or fax or hard copy of the apportionment that displays the signature of the approving OMB official.

The Excel file is locked, and should be opened in read-only mode. OMB maintains a copy of the approved apportionment in its secure, web-based system. OMB also maintains the signed-in-ink apportionment in those cases when a designated staffer affixes an official's digitized signature to the apportionment. As OMB continues to transition from using ink signatures to using digital authoritative marks, you may receive apportionments that have been approved using either method.

OMB may also choose to indicate its approval of an apportionment in other ways, including by letter, telephone, hard copy, or other method that is appropriate to the particular circumstance.

120.40 When can I expect OMB to approve my first apportionment request for the fiscal year?

If a TAFS has any budgetary resources that are not determined by current actions of the Congress (e.g., permanent appropriations, carryover of unobligated balances, anticipated collections), OMB will notify you of the action taken on your first apportionment request for the fiscal year by September 10, as required by law (for requests submitted by the August 21 deadline specified by law). For TAFSs that have budgetary resources solely as a result of current action by the Congress (e.g., TAFSs where the only budgetary resource is a discretionary appropriation), OMB will notify you of the action taken on your request by September 10 for requests submitted by August 21 or within 30 calendar days after the approval of the act providing new budget authority, whichever is later.

120.41 In the case of newly enacted full-year appropriations, am I under an automatic apportionment until OMB approves my first full-year enacted apportionment request?

Yes. Under this section, newly enacted full-year appropriations, including supplemental appropriations for the current year, are automatically apportioned the pro-rata share (1/365th for each day) of the current year's enacted appropriation level (1/366th for a leap-year).

Agencies are automatically apportioned 30 calendar days of funds calculated using the above rate pending OMB's approval of the agency's first apportionment request that includes the enacted full-year appropriations provided for the current fiscal year. The 30 days begin on the date of enactment of a full-year appropriation. If OMB has not approved a request on the 30th day after enactment, agencies are automatically apportioned another 30 days of funds using the above rate (and so on). Once an account-specific apportionment is approved by OMB, the automatic apportionment ceases to remain in effect.

If an agency has not yet submitted its initial apportionment request to OMB within the first 30-day automatic apportionment period, the agency must provide an explanation of the delay to its OMB representative.

Under this automatic apportionment, funds are apportioned as lump-sum (similar to CR bulletin) and all of the footnotes and conditions placed on prior year apportionments remain in effect (similar to CR bulletin). Unless OMB determines otherwise, agencies may not initiate new starts (e.g., programs, projects, grants) using this automatic authority. This guidance applies strictly to all budgetary resources provided by annual, full-year appropriations bills (including supplemental appropriations for the current year), and not other budgetary resources.

Additionally, pursuant to sections 120.7 and 120.57, carryover amounts are automatically apportioned at zero until an account-specific apportionment is issued for such amounts

Automatic apportionment does not apply to any budgetary resource provided by authorizing legislation or by reauthorizations that affect appropriated resources, such as the farm bill or surface transportation reauthorizations.

AFTER YOU HAVE RECEIVED YOUR APPROVED APPORTIONMENT

120.42 How should I execute the apportionment?

You must execute your programs as apportioned and in accordance with all applicable laws. The authorization and / or appropriation language describes the purpose of the program(s) the TAFS will carry out, and may include guidance for you to follow in executing these programs.

Your apportionment dictates how you must execute programs and control funds. You may only obligate funds within:

- budgetary resources apportioned and realized;
- amounts apportioned by fiscal quarter (Category A);
- amounts apportioned by program, project, or activity (Category B);
- amounts apportioned by fiscal quarters and programs, projects, or activities (Category AB); and
- guidance provided in OMB approved footnotes in the Application of Budgetary Resources section.

120.43 What if I think that I may have obligated more than the amounts apportioned?

You may have violated the Antideficiency Act (<u>31 U.S.C. 1517(a)(1)</u>, (<u>31 U.S.C. 1341</u>). See section<u>145</u>.

120.44 Must I control funds below the apportionment level?

Yes. Your agency's fund control regulations, as approved by OMB, dictate how you must control funds. See section <u>150</u>.

120.45 How should I allot once I receive an apportionment?

The agency system of administrative control of funds must be designed to keep obligations and expenditures from exceeding apportionments and allotments or from exceeding budgetary resources available for obligation, whichever is smaller, so as to avoid Antideficiency Act violations. See section 150.

120.46 How do I treat anticipated budgetary resources that are apportioned in the current fiscal year but not yet realized, and do I need to be reapportion them once realized?

Even when anticipated budgetary resources have been apportioned in the current fiscal year, you may not obligate against these resources before the resources have been realized (and, thus, you may not obligate against the resources in an amount that exceeds the amount that has been realized). For example, if OMB has apportioned anticipated budget authority from the agency's collection of user fees, you may not obligate against those user fees until you have collected them (and, thus, you may not incur obligations that exceed the amounts that have been collected).

Apportioned anticipated budgetary resources, once realized, do not need to be reapportioned unless the amount realized exceeds the conditions on the total amount apportioned (see section 120.49).

120.47 What is the relationship between the apportionment and the Funds Control System?

The agency's system of administrative control of funds (see section $\underline{150}$ and $\underline{Appendix H}$) should be designed to keep obligations from exceeding apportioned amounts, allotments, suballotments, and other administrative subdivisions of funds. This funds-control system also should be designed to keep

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obligations from exceeding budgetary resources that have been realized, and should be able to track obligations by program reporting categories used in the apportionment.

The funds-control system must track obligations to make sure obligated levels do not exceed:

- budgetary resources apportioned; amounts provided by fiscal quarter in Category A;
- amounts provided by program in Category B;
- amounts provided by program in Category AB; and
- other restrictions placed in OMB approved footnotes in the Application of Budgetary Resources section

If the funds-control system cannot provide this control, the agency must develop other methods to perform this function, e.g., developing monitoring reports.

Since footnotes are not often implemented in an agency's financial system, the agency's budget, finance, and procurement staff need to be aware of and understand the directions and restrictions provided in footnotes.

Your agency's accounting system must fully support the fund-control system (see Appendix H).

CHANGES TO PREVIOUSLY APPROVED APPORTIONMENTS FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR

120.48 What types of situations could require me to request a new apportionment?

Submit a reapportionment request to OMB when:

- Your budgetary resources have increased since your previous apportionment for the fiscal year (Examples: actual reimbursements differ significantly from estimates, newly enacted legislation provides more resources);
- You want to obligate against the increased resources in the same fiscal year;
- The increase is not covered by the exceptions in sections 120.49 or 120.50 (if applicable); or
- Programmatic changes result in a need for an adjustment in the apportionment.

In order to allow time for action by OMB, submit such requests well in advance of the time that the revised amounts, to be apportioned, are needed for obligation (an apportionment for a specific time period, such as for a specific quarter of the current fiscal year, may not be changed after the end of that period).

When emergencies, such as those involving the safety of human life or the protection of property, require immediate action, you may request, and OMB may approve, a reapportionment by telephone, e-mail or fax. As soon thereafter as it is practical, submit apportionment requests reflecting such action.

For credit program and financing TAFSs, submit an apportionment request for subsidy reestimates at the beginning of each fiscal year (starting with the fiscal year following the year in which a disbursement is made) as long as the loans are outstanding (see sections <u>185.17</u> and <u>185.18</u>). Also submit an apportionment request for subsidy modifications when the modification is approved by OMB (see section <u>185.21</u>). Credit program and financing TAFSs are also subject to the standard reapportionment requirements described above (see sections <u>185.14</u> through <u>185.21</u> for further guidance on apportioning credit accounts).

Submit an apportionment request within 10 calendar days after approval of an appropriation or substantive act providing budget authority, where such authority is enacted after the first apportionment for the year has been made (except as specified in section 120.49). We encourage you to begin preparation of apportionments and related materials as soon as the House and Senate have reached agreement on funding levels.

In some cases, you will need to submit your first apportionment request before the unobligated balance brought forward has been precisely determined. If the unobligated balance brought forward, as shown on the latest approved apportionment schedule, is larger than the unobligated balance at the end of the preceding year, as reported on the final SF 133 for that year, and the difference is larger than the amount specified in section 120.49, OMB must approve the apportionment request before you can obligate the additional funds.

120.49 What adjustments can I make without submitting a reapportionment request?

After the first apportionment for the fiscal year, downward adjustments of any amount to budgetary resources (including anticipated amounts) do not need to be reapportioned, unless specifically required by OMB or, at the agency's discretion, for funds control purposes. Apportioned anticipated budgetary resources, once realized, do not need to be reapportioned unless the amount realized exceeds the conditions on the total amount apportioned, as noted below.

After the first apportionment for the fiscal year, unless OMB determines otherwise, you may adjust apportioned amounts upwards without submitting a reapportionment request by up to \$400,000 or two percent of the amount of total budgetary resources, whichever is lower, to reflect:

- Upward adjustments in the amount of unobligated balances brought forward;
- Increases in amounts of budget authority transfers or balance transfers; or
- Increases in amounts of actual budgetary resources that are realized above anticipated amounts.

You may only adjust apportioned amounts when OMB apportions either a single program, project, or activity (Category B) or, if the total amount is apportioned, by quarter (Category A or Category AB). When amounts are apportioned by quarter, you must adjust the apportioned amounts in the quarter that is current when you record the resource. For example, if anticipated collections were apportioned in the third quarter but the increased amount above the anticipated collections (still within the lower of \$400,000 or two percent) were not realized until the fourth quarter; record the resource in the fourth quarter, not the third.

In credit financing TAFSs, additional amounts for the payment of interest to Treasury are automatically apportioned (section $\underline{185.19}$) if the amounts needed exceed your estimate on the most recent approved apportionment.

You cannot make any adjustments under this section when OMB apportions funds for two or more categories on the same apportionment, such as Category A and Category B, or Category A and Category AB, or two or more Category Bs, etc. In these types of apportioned TAFS, you must submit a reapportionment request to OMB or otherwise have prior OMB approval (e.g., through an OMB footnote in the Application of Budgetary Resources section that starts with the indicator of A) to adjust apportioned amounts upward.

120.50 What other types of adjustments can I request OMB to allow me to make without submitting a new apportionment request?

You may make other specific types of adjustments to apportionments without submitting a reapportionment request if specified in a footnote in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (footnote indicator starts with letter A) on the most recently approved apportionment or otherwise approved in writing by OMB. For example, OMB may include on an approved apportionment a footnote (with a corresponding YES in the Line Split column of the Adjustment Authority Provided row) which states that, to the extent provided in law, actual earned reimbursements are automatically apportioned without further OMB action.

In order to facilitate OMB approval of your apportionment request, your apportionment request must indicate that you have previously received, or are requesting, OMB approval to use this authority.

120.51 What is the status of previously approved apportionments when a new apportionment is approved in the same fiscal year?

Each new apportionment in a fiscal year supersedes previous apportionment action taken earlier that year.

APPORTIONMENTS BY TIME PERIOD

120.52 Will OMB apportion funds into future fiscal years?

Yes. OMB will sometimes apportion multi-year/no-year funds into future fiscal years (OMB cannot apportion one-year funds into a future fiscal year).

The Congress appropriates funds on a multi-year and no-year basis with the expectation that the funds will be obligated over more than one fiscal year. OMB will apportion these TAFSs beyond the current fiscal year where financial requirements are known in advance and it makes programmatic sense to do so.

When you plan to obligate amounts appropriated in a no-year or multi-year TAFS over more than one fiscal year, make sure that the apportionment request shows the full amount appropriated and available for obligation in the current fiscal year. The request must also include planned obligations for the current year and amounts planned for obligation in future fiscal years.

Note: apportionments last no longer than one fiscal year. Funds must be apportioned at the beginning of each fiscal year in accordance with sections 120.7 and 120.57.

120.53 How do I present deferrals or proposed rescissions on my request?

If your request contains a proposed rescission or deferral under the authority of the Impoundment Control Act of 1974, you must use lines 6180 Withheld pending rescission or 6181 Deferred. In addition, you must submit a rescission or deferral report that outlines the reasons for and the effects of the proposed action. (See section <u>112</u> for further information on amounts not apportioned and preparing rescission/deferral reports.) Do not use these lines on your apportionment without first consulting with your OMB representative.

120.54 Can my request include amounts exempt from apportionment?

Yes. If some budgetary resources in your TAFS are subject to apportionment but other resources are exempt, you must show the exempt resources on line 6183 Exempt from apportionment.

120.55 Can OMB apportion a past period?

No. Apportionments are <u>never</u> subject to change <u>after</u> the period for which the apportionment is made (e.g., a prior fiscal year or a past quarter time period in the current fiscal year).

For instance, if your first quarter apportioned amount was overestimated but in a subsequent quarter the realized actuals were much lower than the estimated amount, you would do the following on the reapportionment:

- First quarter apportioned amount remains as previously apportioned;
- Current quarter (i.e., second, third or fourth) reflect a negative amount so as to net to the correct total amount that needs to be reapportioned.

See Exhibit <u>120L</u> for an example.

120.56 Do unobligated resources apportioned in earlier time periods of the same fiscal year remain available?

Yes. When budgetary resources are apportioned for time periods of less than a fiscal year (for example, fiscal quarters), any apportioned amounts that have not been obligated at the end of any period will remain available for obligation through the remainder of the current fiscal year without being reapportioned, unless otherwise specified on the apportionment. However, this rule does not apply to unobligated balances apportioned during a short-term continuing resolution that is followed immediately by a lapse in appropriations (see section 123.15).

120.57 Must I request that funds apportioned in one fiscal year be apportioned in the next fiscal year if the funds were not obligated and remain available?

Yes. When budgetary resources remain available (unexpired) beyond the end of a fiscal year, you must submit a new apportionment request for the upcoming fiscal year. You cannot incur obligations in any year absent an approved apportionment for that year. For instance, if OMB apportioned \$1 million for a no-year TAFS in FY 2018 and you obligated no funds, you must still submit an FY 2019 request and receive OMB approval of that request before incurring obligations in FY 2019. Until you receive an account-specific apportionment from OMB, the amount of carryover apportioned is zero dollars. In addition, apportioned anticipated or estimated resources are not available for obligation until the resources are realized.

120.58 What is the status of approved apportionments from a previous fiscal year on apportionments in the current fiscal year?

New apportionment action for a fiscal year is independent of all apportionment actions of the previous year, including the apportionment of amounts under Category C in the previous fiscal year.

120.59 How does the last approved apportionment govern the actions a TAFS takes when the TAFS enters the expired phase?

Every annual and multi-year TAFS, as well as some no-year TAFSs, has a finite period of time to incur an obligation; this is called the unexpired phase. OMB only apportions TAFSs when they are in the unexpired phase.

GOVERNMENT SERIES

The Federal Budget Process

A Description of the Federal and Congressional Budget Processes, Including Timelines





When shifting to the expired phase, a TAFS can only make adjustments to obligations made in the unexpired phase. Activity in the expired phase of a TAFS is governed by the last approved apportionment (including apportioned footnotes).

APPORTIONMENTS AFFECTED BY THE CONTINUING RESOLUTION (CR)

120.60 During a CR, what happens to TAFS that were apportioned before the start of a fiscal year (e.g., no-year TAFS)?

When budgetary resources (e.g., unobligated balances, spending authority from offsetting collections, anticipated transfers, etc.) are apportioned prior to the start of a fiscal year, those apportionments remain in effect even if a CR is enacted, unless otherwise directed by OMB.

However, you must submit a new apportionment request to OMB if:

- The CR changes the funding level or alters the program mix that OMB apportioned (e.g., the Congress rescinds unobligated balances during the CR period or zero-funds a program that OMB previously apportioned); or
- Changes occur that affect the budgetary resources apportioned as described in sections <u>120.48</u> through <u>120.50</u> (e.g., actual reimbursements differ significantly from estimates).

The automatic apportionment approved by OMB after enactment of a short-term CR covers only the budgetary resources provided by the short-term CR. Some TAFS may receive funds provided by the CR in addition to budgetary resources provided by other acts. These TAFS receive both the automatic apportionment for the CR funds and any budgetary resources apportioned before the start of the fiscal year (e.g., unobligated balance carried forward). For those accounts that are impacted by a potential CR's recurring change in a mandatory program ("CHIMP", typically shown in Attachment C of the OMB CR bulletin), you cannot withhold those amounts on the initial apportionment during the short-term CR period.

If you chose to reapportion the TAFS during the CR period and you and the RMO agree not to reflect the amounts from the CR in the reapportionment, then you must include a footnote in the reapportionment to indicate that the account is also receiving apportioned resources from the CR. See section <u>123.9</u> for the footnote language.

120.61 After a CR has been replaced by a full-year enacted appropriation, what do I show in the Previous Approved column?

Unless otherwise requested by your RMO, in the Previous Approved column show all budgetary resources and apportioned amounts since the start of the fiscal year through the last day of the CR (in accordance with the most recent OMB bulletin on the "Apportionment of the Continuing Resolution(s) for Fiscal Year 20XX") plus the amounts automatically apportioned pursuant to section <u>120.41</u>. For example, amounts on line 1100, discretionary appropriations, should show the short-term CR's calculated rate for operations. Additionally, a footnote on line 1134 (or line 1135 for a special or trust fund TAFS), Appropriations precluded from obligation, should state the following: "Amount on line 1134 (or line 1135) has been adjusted pursuant to OMB Bulletin XX-XX and A-11 section 120.41." (see exhibit <u>120H</u>). For instance, if budgetary resources such as unobligated balances were apportioned by OMB and the TAFS also received automatically apportioned CR funds via OMB bulletin(s) and section <u>120.41</u>, you must show both types of budgetary resources on your apportionment request.

120.62 After a short-term CR has been replaced by a full-year enacted appropriation, what do I show in the agency request column?

In the agency request column show all budgetary resources and application of budgetary resources for the entire fiscal year, beginning from the start of the fiscal year. See section <u>120.55</u> and Exhibits 120H and 120I if you received OMB concurrence during the short-term CR period to record your lump-sum automatic apportionment as Category A.

WHAT OTHER IMPORTANT THINGS DO I NEED TO KNOW ABOUT APPORTIONMENTS?

120.63 What types of resources are apportioned by OMB?

The following resources are apportioned by OMB:

- Budgetary resources.
- Non-budgetary resources (such as foreign currency, quotas, etc.).
- OMB may apportion an agency's other authority (pursuant to statutory authority) in whatever form it may take.

120.64 Are all apportionments based on authority to incur obligations?

OMB usually apportions the budgetary resources of a TAFS with respect to the authority to incur new obligations.

However, OMB may apportion budgetary resources on a pre-obligation basis, such as "commitments," which, if used, are made before obligations are incurred. If OMB apportions on a basis other than obligations, you should continue to include your usual obligations in the GTAS system, but in addition, you must report a GTAS footnote regarding the status of the non-obligation apportioned items, i.e., footnote the amount of "commitments" incurred against the amount shown on the apportionment.

120.65 How do I treat extensions of the availability of unobligated balances in an apportionment?

Reappropriations (see section 20.4(h)) are recorded on lines 1105 Discretionary Reappropriation or 1204 Mandatory Reappropriation. For example, an apportionment for FY 2019 should reflect an estimate of the amount to be reappropriated from the estimated expiring FY 2018 balances. A reapportionment may be required after the actual amount of the expiring balances is known. You may wish to reflect these amounts on either lines 1134 Discretionary appropriations precluded from obligation (use for only general fund TAFS; use line 1135 for special or trust fund TAFS) or 1235 Mandatory appropriations precluded from obligation, until an appropriate time after the required reprogramming notice has been transmitted to the Congress.

Balance transfer amounts from expired to unexpired funds, are reflected on line 1012 Unobligated balance transfers between expired and unexpired accounts.

HANDLING DEFICIENCIES IN APPORTIONMENTS

120.66 When do I submit requests anticipating the need for the Congress to enact supplemental budget authority?

Submit requests anticipating the need for the Congress to enact supplemental budget authority only under exceptional circumstances as authorized by law. The Antideficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 1515) permits apportionments to be made on such a deficient-rate basis that indicates the need for the Congress to enact supplemental budget authority only when:

- Laws enacted after submission to the Congress of the estimates for an appropriation that requires an expenditure beyond administrative control.
- Emergencies arise involving:
 - (1) the safety of human life,
 - (2) the protection of property, or
 - (3) the immediate welfare of individuals in cases where an appropriation that would allow the United States to pay, or contribute to, amounts required to be paid to individuals in specific amounts fixed by law or under formulas prescribed by law, is insufficient.

When you submit a requested apportionment that indicates a necessity for the enactment of supplemental appropriations, include the following notation on the apportionment request:

"This apportionment request indicates a necessity for a supplemental appropriation now estimated at \$_____."

Submit the apportionment request to OMB along with your agency head's determination of the reasons for a deficiency apportionment, as required by law ($\underline{31 \text{ U.S.C. 1515}}$). The statement of necessity will read as follows:

"I hereby determine that it is necessary to request apportionment of the appropriation '(appropriation title)' on a basis that indicates the necessity for a supplemental estimate of appropriations, because [cite one of the allowable reasons mentioned above]."

Usually, you will reflect the need for a supplemental appropriation in quarterly apportionments by making the request for the fourth quarter less than the amount that will be required. For apportionments by activities, verify that the amount requested for each activity provides for continuing that activity until the supplemental appropriation is expected to be enacted and become available. OMB approval of requests for a deficiency apportionment allows the agency to operate at a deficient rate of operations, but does *not* authorize the agency to exceed the total amount of the existing appropriation and of the resources that OMB has apportioned within a TAFS.

Fully justify the amount of any anticipated supplemental appropriation. Action on the apportionment request does not commit OMB to the amount of the supplemental appropriation that will be recommended subsequently to the President or transmitted to the Congress.

PROGRAM REPORTING CATEGORIES

120.67 What is the purpose of program reporting categories?

Program reporting categories show how agencies will report obligations on their SF 133 Reports on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources (see section 130). Absent program reporting categories, agencies report obligations on their SF 133 reports in accordance with their approved apportionments. For instance, if OMB uses a single Category B project on the apportionment and does not use program reporting categories, the SF 133 report will show obligations on a single line.

You should use program reporting categories when you want obligations reported at a more detailed and programmatically meaningful manner than the apportioned lines would otherwise result in. If program reporting categories were used in the case above, the SF 133 report would show obligations on two or (most likely) more lines. For instance, if a Department of the Interior account had a single Category B project but program categories for maintaining land resources and protecting endangered species, the SF 133 report would distinguish obligations by these categories. While program reporting categories result in more detailed reporting on obligations, they do not control what the agency can obligate for these categories.

Most TAFSs do not use program reporting categories.

120.68 Do my estimates of program reporting category obligations limit the amount I can obligate?

No. Program reporting categories are not used to apportion funds, and are not subject to the Antideficiency Act.

120.69 What do OMB and the agency need to do to start using program reporting categories?

OMB and agencies work together to determine what program reporting categories agencies will report upon. Program reporting categories should be based on elements that agencies track in their financial systems. In some cases, you may choose to report upon the same programs that appear in the Program and Financing Schedule of the President's Budget.

Program reporting categories must be identified well in advance of the beginning of a fiscal year, and in advance of the time that agencies produce their first apportionment requests for the year. The reason is that agencies need time to place entries in their financial systems to allow them to track these program categories throughout the year. Agencies may need considerable time (many months) to add new categories to their financial systems. One reason is that large numbers of staff including timekeepers, procurement staff, administrative officers, and others need to document the new program reporting categories, and train program office staff on how to use the new categories. In addition, agencies may need time to update their systems to extract the data.

120.70 How do I fill in the program reporting category tab?

The apportionment user's guide that appears on the support/links tab of the apportionment system describes how to fill in the program reporting category tab. The URL for the apportionment system is:

https://apportionment.max.gov

120.71 Why does OMB send the names of program reporting categories and Category B projects to Treasury for use in GTAS?

OMB sends program reporting categories from approved apportionments to the Treasury Department's Financial Management Service (FMS), which operates the GTAS system that agencies use to report their SF 133 budget execution information. When reporting their obligations, GTAS provides agencies with the list of program reporting categories to report upon; these are the same program reporting categories that OMB provides from the apportionment attachments.

For those TAFSs that use Category B projects but do not use program reporting categories, OMB sends FMS the list of Category B projects for use in GTAS reporting.

OMB sends this information to FMS so OMB can use automated tools to align program reporting categories and Category B projects on the apportionments to the budget execution reports.

120.72 Can agencies add new program reporting categories or Category B projects when reporting their GTAS data?

Yes, but only when it makes sense to do so. Here are some examples.

First, if you are aware that OMB has apportioned funds using Category B projects that are not presented in GTAS, then you must add the missing Category B projects names, and report your obligations for those projects.

Second, if you are aware that OMB has used program reporting categories that are not presented in GTAS, then you should add the missing program reporting category names, and report the obligations for those program reporting categories.

Apportionment Line Numbers

						FY 20xx Apportionment					_		
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						[line split = A for actual balance]							
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80 80	XX	0100		1010		Unobligated balance transferred to other accounts (-) Unobligated balance transferred from other accounts							
80	X	0100		1012		Unobligated balance transfers between expired and unexpired accounts (+ or -)							
80	Х	0100		1013		Unobligated balance of contract authority transferred to or from other accounts (ne	t) (+/-)						
		0100		10.20		Adjustments:							
80 80	X			1020 1021		Adjustment of unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 (+ or -) Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations							
80	X			1022		Capital transfer of unobligated balances to general fund (-)							
80	X			1023		Unobligated balances applied to repay debt (-)							
80 80	XX	0100		1024 1025		Unobligated balance of borrowing authority withdrawn (-)							
80	X			1025		Unobligated balance of contract authority withdrawn (-) Adjustment for change in allocation of trust fund limitation or foreign exchange va	luation						
80	Х	0100		1027		Adjustment in unobligated balances for change in investments of zero coupon bond		1 and	lnon-revoi	lving	trust fu	nds)	
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80 80	X	0100		1029 1030		Other balances withdrawn to Treasury (-) Other balances withdrawn to special or trust funds (-)							
80	x			1030		Other balances not available (-)							
80	Х	0100		1032		Refunds and recoveries temporarily precluded from obligation (special and trust fu	mds) (-)						
80 80	X			1033 1035		Recoveries of prior year paid obligations							
80	XX	0100		1035		Unobligated balance precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-) Adjustment for debt forgiveness							
80	Х	0100		1037		Unobligated balance of appropriation withdrawn (-)							
80	X	0100		1038		Sequester (previously unavailable) for withdrawal							
80	x	0100		1040		Anticipated transfers and adjustments: Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of unobligated balances (net) (+ or -)							
80	x	0100		1041		Anticipated recoveries of prior year unpaid and paid obligations							
80	х	0100		1042		Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (unobligated balances) (-)							
						Budget authority:							
						Appropriations: Discretionary:							
80	х	0100		1100		Appropriation							
80		0100		1101		Appropriation (special or trust fund)							
80 80	X X			1102 1103		Appropriation (previously unavailable)							
80 80	X			1103		Appropriation (previously unavailable) (special or trust) Appropriation available from subsequent year							
80	X	0100		1105		Appropriation available in prior year (-)							
80	х	0100		1106		R eappropriation							
80	x	0100		1120		Nonexpenditure transfers: Appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)							
80	x			1120		Appropriations transferred from other accounts							
						Adjustments:							
80 80	X	0100		1130 1131		Appropriations permanently reduced (-) Unobligated balance of appropriations permanently reduced (-)							
80	x			1131		Appropriations temporarily reduced (-)							
80	Χ	0100		1133		Unobligated balance of appropriations temporarily reduced (-)							
80	X			1134		Appropriations precluded from obligation (-)							
80 80	X X			1135 1136		Appropriations precluded from obligation (special or trust) (-) Appropriations applied to repay debt (-)							
80	x			1130		Appropriations reduced by offsetting collections (collected) or offsetting receipts (-	-)						
80	X			1138		Appropriations applied to liquidate contract authority (-)							
80 80	X X			1139 1140		Appropriations substituted for borrowing authority (-) Capital transfers of appropriations to general fund (-)							
80	X			1140		Appropriations applied to liquidate contract authority withdrawn (-)							
						Anticipated appropriations:							
80	X			1150		Anticipated appropriation (+ or -)							
80 80	X X			1151 1152		Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of appropriations (net) (+ or -) Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (appropriations) (-)							
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Apportionment Line Numbers, cont.

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⊢		_					BUDGETARY RESOURCES Advance appropriations:							
80		х	0100		1170		Advance appropriation							
80			0100		1171		Advance appropriation (special or trust fund)							
0		~	0.00				Nonexpenditure transfers:							
80		х	0100		1172		Advance appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)							
80			0100		1173		Advance appropriations transferred from other accounts							
							Adjustments:							
80		х	0100		1174		Advance appropriations permanently reduced (-)							
80		х	0100		1175		Advance appropriations temporarily reduced (-)							
							Anticipated advance appropriations:							
80		Х	0100		1176		Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of advance appropriations (net) (+ or -)							
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80			0100		1200		Appropriation (special or trust fund)							
80			0100		1201		Appropriation (previously unavailable)							
80			0100		1203		Appropriation (previously unavailable) (special or trust)							
80			0100		1206		Reappropriation							
							Nonexpenditure transfers:							
80		х	0100		1220		Appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)							
80		х	0100		1221		Appropriations transferred from other accounts							
							Adjustments:							
80			0100		1230		Appropriations and/or unobligated balance of appropriations permanently reduced (
80			0100		1232		Appropriations and/or unobligated balance of appropriations temporarily reduced (-)						
80			0100		1234		Appropriations precluded from obligation (-)							
80			0100		1235		Appropriations precluded from obligation (special or trust) (-)							
80			0100 0100		1236		Appropriations applied to repay debt (-)							
80 80			0100		1238		Appropriations applied to liquidate contract authority (-)							
80			0100		1239 1240		Appropriations substituted for borrowing authority (-) Capital transfer of appropriations to general fund (-)							
100			0100		12-10		Anticipated appropriations:							
80		х	0100		1250		Anticipated appropriation (+ or -)							
80			0100		1251		Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of appropriations (net) (+ or -)							
80			0100		1252		Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (appropriations) (-)							
							Advance appropriations:							
80			0100		1270		Advance appropriation							
80		Х	0100		1271		Advance appropriation (special and trust fund)							
		v	0400		4070		Nonexpenditure transfers:							
80			0100		1272		Advance appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)							
80		х	0100		1273		Advance appropriations transferred from other accounts Adjustments:							
80		х	0100		1274		Advance appropriations permanently reduced (-)							
80			0100		1275		Advance appropriations temporarily reduced (-)							
100		~	0.00		.2.0		Anticipated advance appropriations:							
80		х	0100		1276		Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of advance appropriations (net) (+ or -)							
							Borrowing authority:							
							Discretionary:							
80		х	0100		1300		Borrowing authority							
							Anticipated recoveries of prior year unpaid and paid obligations							
80		х	0100		1320		Borrowing authority permanently reduced (-)							
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80		х	0100		1330		Anticipated reductions to current fiscal year borrowing authority (-)							
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80		х	0100		1420		Borrowing authority permanently reduced (-)							
80		Х	0100		1421		Borrowing authority temporarily reduced (-)							
80			0100		1422		Borrowing authority applied to repay debt (-)							
80			0100		1423		Borrowing authority precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)							
80		Х	0100		1424		Capital transfer of borrowing authority to general fund (-)							
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80		\sim	0100		1430		Anticipated borrowing authority: Anticipated reductions to current fiscal year borrowing authority (-)							
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			0100		1510		Contract authority transferred to other accounts (-)							
80		Х			1511		Contract authority transferred from other accounts							
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80		х	0100				Adjustments:							
80 80		x x	0100 0100		1520		Contract authority and/or unobligated balance of contract authority permanently red	uced (-)						
80		x x	0100				Contract authority and/or unobligated balance of contract authority permanently red Contract authority precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)	uced (-)						
80 80 80		x x x	0100 0100 0100		1520 1522		Contract authority and/or unobligated balance of contract authority permanently red Contract authority precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-) Anticipated contract authority:	uced (-)						
80 80		x x x x	0100 0100		1520		Contract authority and/or unobligated balance of contract authority permanently red Contract authority precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)	uced (-)						

Apportionment Line Numbers, cont.

	-								-					
Treasury A gency FY1	FY2	Treasury Account	Alloc Account	Alloc Sub-A count	LineNo	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title/Cat B Stub/Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OM B Action	OMB Footnote	M emo Obligations
							BUDGETARY RESOURCES							
							Mandatory:							
80	x	0100			1600		Contract authority							
80		0100			1603		Contract authority (previously unavailable)							
							Nonexpenditure transfers:							
80	Х	0100			1610		Contract authority transferred to other accounts (-)							
80	Х	0100			1611		Contract authority transferred from other accounts							
							Adjustments:							
80		0100			1620		Contract authority and/or unobligated balance of contract authority permanently reduced (-)						
80		0100			1621		Contract authority temporarily reduced (-)							
80	X	0100			1622		Contract authority precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)							
80	_	0100			1630		Anticipated contract authority: Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of contract authority (net) (+ or -)							
80 80		0100			1630		Anticipated rollexpenditure transfers of contract authority (net) (+ or -) Anticipated adjustments to current year contract authority (+ or -)							
80	^	0100			1031		Anicopaled adjustments to current year contract autionity (+ or -)							
							Spending authority from offsetting collections:							
							Discretionary:							
80	x	0100			1700		Collected							
80		0100			1701		Change in uncollected customer payments, Federal sources (+ or -)							
80	Х	0100			1702		Offsetting collections (previously unavailable)							
							Nonexpenditure transfers:							
80		0100			1710		Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred to other accounts (-)							
80	Х	0100			1711		Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred from other accounts							
							Adjustments:							
80		0100			1720		Capital transfer of spending authority from offsetting collections to general fund (-)							
80 80	X	0100 0100			1722 1723		Spending authority from offsetting collections permanently reduced (-)	h (reduced (Ĺ					
80 80		0100			1725		New and/or unobligated balance of spending authority from offsetting collections temporari Spending authority from offsetting collections precluded from obligation (limitation on obligation)	•	-)					
80		0100			1726		Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to repay debt (-)							
80	X				1727		Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to liquidate contract authority (-)							
80		0100			1728		Spending authority from offsetting collections substituted for borrowing authority (-)							
							Anticipated spending authority from offsetting collections:							
80	Х	0100			1740		Anticipated collections, reimbursements, and other income							
80	Х				1741		Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of spending authority from offsetting collections (net) (
80	Х	0100			1742		Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (spending authority from offsetting coll	ections) (-)						
80	~	0100			1800		M andatory: Collected							
80 80	Â				1800		Conected Change in uncollected customer payments, Federal sources (+ or -)							
80		0100			1802		Offsetting collections (previously unavailable)							
~~ [Ê						Nonexpenditure transfers:							
80	х	0100			1810		Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred to other accounts (-)							
80	Х	0100			1811		Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred from other accounts							
							Adjustments:							
80		0100		L	1820		Capital transfer of spending authority from offsetting collections to general fund (-)							
80		0100		ľ	1822		Spending authority from offsetting collections permanently reduced (-)		Į					
80		0100			1823		New and/or unobligated balance of spending authority from offsetting collections temporari		.)					
80		0100			1824		Spending authority from offsetting collections precluded from obligation (limitation on obligation authority from offsetting collections applied to reacy data ()	ations) (-)						
80 80		0100 0100			1825 1826		Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to repay debt (-) Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to liquidate contract authority (-)							
80 80		0100			1827		Spending authority from offsetting collections substituted for borrowing authority (-)							
<i></i>	$ ^{}$	0100			1021		Anticipated spending authority from offsetting collections:							
80	x	0100			1840		Anticipated spectral gradient in the month of actual gradient of the second sec							
80	X				1841		Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of spending authority from offsetting collections (net) ((+ or -)						
80		0100			1842		Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (spending authority from offsetting coll	. ,						
	1								Щ		Ц			
80	X	0100			1920		Total budgetary resources available							

Apportionment Line Numbers, cont.

Tressury Agency	FY1 FV0	FY2	Tressury Account	Alloc A count	Li	neNo	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title/Cat B Sub/Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	A gency Footnote	OM B Action	OMB Footnote	M emo Obligations
Ť			Tre							۵.		Αç		0	
								APPLICATION OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES							
								Apportioned:							
								Category A (by quarter)							
80			0100 0100			5001 5002		1st quarter							
80 80			0100		-	5002 5003		2nd quarter 3rd quarter							
80			0100			5004		4th quarter							
								Category B (by project)							
80			0100		6	6011		[Project label]							
80			0100												
80			0100			♥		V							
80	2	X	0100		6	6110		[Project label]							
80		x	0100		6	5111		Category AB (Project by quarter or Parent/Allocation accounts) 1st quarter, Project 1							
80			0100			5112		2nd quarter, Project 1							
80			0100			5113		3rd quarter, Project 1							
80			0100		6	6114		4th quarter, Project 1							
80			0100			6115		1st quarter, Project 2							
80			0100			5116		2nd quarter, Project 2							
80 80			0100 0100			5117 5118		3rd quarter, Project 2 4th quarter, Project 2							
			0100												
80			0100			6156		1st quarter, Project 12							
80			0100			6157		2nd quarter, Project 12							
80			0100			6158		3rd quarter, Project 12							
80	1	^ '	0100		0	6159		4th quarter, Project 12 Category C (for future years)							
80		x	0100		6	6170		[Designate 1st FY beyond current year]							
80			0100		Ĭ	1		[Designate 2nd FY beyond current year]							
80)	x	0100			ν.		[Designate 3rd FY beyond current year]							
80)	X	0100		6	6173		[Designate 4th FY beyond current year]							
								Unapportioned:							
80 80			0100			6180		Withheld pending rescission							
80 80			0100 0100			5181 5182		Deferred Unapportioned balance of revolving fund							
80			0100			5183		Exempt from apportionment							
80			0100			6190		Total budgetary resources available							
								Anticipated recoveries of prior year unpaid and paid obligations							
	Ţ	Ţ		T				GUARANTEED LOAN LEVELS AND APPLICATIONS							
						100		Guaranteed Loan Level							
80 80			0100 0100			8100		Program Level, Current Year							
80	1	^ '	0100		8	3200		Program Level, Unused from prior years Application of Guaranteed Loan Limitation							
80		x	0100		8	3201		Application, Category A, First quarter							
80			0100			3201		Application, Category A, First quarter							
80			0100			3203		Application, Category A, Third quarter							
80			0100			3204		Application, Category A, Fourth quarter							
80			0100		8	3211		Application, Category B (by project) or risk category							
80			0100												
80	P	×ſ	0100												
						÷		Ŵ							
80)	x	0100		8	3235		Application, Category B (by project)							

Treasury Agency	FY 1	FY 2	Treasury Account	SF 132 Line	Report Cat No.	Program Reporting Category	Projec	ted, Annual Obligations
80		х	1309	6001	1	Salaries	400.00	00
80		Х	1309	6001	2	All Other	80,000	0
						Cat A, Sub-total	480,00	
80		Х	1309	6011	3	Research Air	8,880,	,000
80		Х	1309	6011	4	Research Water	4,000,	,000
80		Х	1309	6011	5	Research All Other	N/A	
						Research, Sub-total	12,880	0,000
80		Х	1309	6012	6	Development Air	5,450,	,000
80		Х	1309	6012	7	Development Water	4,000,	,000
80		Х	1309	6012	8	Development All Other	N/A	
					1	Development, Sub-total	9,450,	,000
Who betw to th	en the H ween 1 ne GTA	Report Ca - 100, th	at No has ne stub wi n for use	gories aren s a number ill be sent in budget]	d to apportion funds, and are not subject to Note how the program reporting categori to apportioned amounts in Exhibit 120E's the Secretary apportionment.	ies relate	Check with OMB on whether you need to put in projected, annual obligations.
whe	re the I exampl	Report C	at No is t	onal rows blank. In ve as sub-		Do not use program reporting categories identical to Category B projects. The sin is that you use two or more reporting cate each Cat B project.	nple rule	Note also that the amount: this column do not need to add to the total amount on the apportioned lines.

PROGRAM REPORTING CATEGORIES FORMAT

			FY 20xx Apportion Funds provided by Public 1		xxx	<u> </u>	-	Identify i providing	in the header the la g the budget author	w(s) ity.
Line No	Line Split			Previou		Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote Wew	no Obligations
IterNo RptCat AdjAut 1100 1130 1840	1 NO NO	Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: Salaries and Expenses (00 TAFS: 80-0137 /20xx Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided BA: Disc: Appropriation BA: Disc: Appropriations permanent BA: Mand: Spending auth:Antic coll:	First Request of year Include an estimate of all amounts you anticipate will become available under existing law in the fiscal year for which schedule is submitted. Do not include anticipated unenacted supplemental appropriations and rescission proposals. y reduced	the first	ed" colu	rious imm blank on onment of the 7,400,000 -1,000 403,000	•	7,400,000 	this line entry amount of app becoming avai October 1 of th which the sche This entry incl available for o to a specific pr Identify the prestriction U.S.C 1512 an Impoundment valid authorizi	ropriations lable on or after ne fiscal year for dule is submitted. udes any funds not bligation pursuant ovision in law. blic law containing in a footnote. 31 d the Control Act are not ng citations.
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (di	sc. and mand.)		0	7,802,000	-	7,802,000	amounts antici of the year (se	ou to obligate pated for the rest e section 145.6).
6001		1st quarter				1,952,000		1,952,000		
6002		2nd quarter				1,950,000		1,950,000		
6003		3rd quarter				1,950,000		1,950,000	The total amo	int on line 1920
6004		4th quarter				1,825,000		1,825,000	must equal the	total amount on
6011		Prairie Restoration Fund		l i		125,000	A1	125,000	A1	
									11	

One-Year Appropriation-First Apportionment for the Current Fiscal Year

Exhibit Notes:

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) Per section 120.41, newly enacted appropriations are automatically apportioned for a temporary period.

		FY 20xx Apport Funds provided by Public		(-XXX	•	Identify providin	in the	header the law(budget authority	s)	
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split		vious roved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
		Agency: Department of Government	e the "Prev nn blank o rtionments	n initia	approv d					
		Account: R & D (003-04-1109) TAFS: 80-1309 /X				uno am If a	obligat ount o djustr	ed balance is kn on this line. Type nents are subseq	own, e 'E' ii uently	ned before the actual enter an estimated a the line split column. r required, submit a vided in section 120.49
IterNo RptCat	1 NO	Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided								
AdjAut	NO			Γ		dov	vnwar	d adjustments of	prior	cancellations or year unpaid and paid ars for unexpired
1000	Е	Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 [line split = E for estimate] [line split = A for actual balance]				1,180,000		1,180,000		
1041		Unob Bal: Antic recov of prior year unpd and pd obl				150,000		150,000	exp	lude only amounts ected to be received an
1100		BA: Disc: Appropriation	╨			25,000,000	B1	25,000,000	with	ecome available hout further gressional action.
1740	1	BA: Disc: Spending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, other				300,000		300,000		
1740	2	BA: Disc: Spending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, other				100,000		100,000		
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)		0		26,730,000		26,730,000		
6001		1st quarter				120,000		120,000		
6002		2nd quarter				120,000		120,000		
6003		3rd quarter				120,000		120,000		
6004		4th quarter		¥		120,000		120,000		
6011		Research				12,800,000		12,800,000		
6012		Development of Products				9,450,000		9,450,000		
6170		FY 2016 FY 201				4,000,000	A2	4,000,000	A2	
6190		Total budgetary resources available		0		26,730,000		26,730,000		
						Display the footnotes				
khibit N	lotes:					tab in you				

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) Per section 120.41, newly enacted appropriations are automatically apportioned for a temporary period.

		FY 20xx App Funds provided by Put		←	Identify in the providing the	heade budge	er the law(s) t authority.		
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
IterNo	2	Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1109) TAFS: 80-1309 /X					wheneve forward the lates of total b whichev split from reapport	r the differ SF 1 oudget er is 1 n E to ion af	lest a reapportionment actual balance brought s from the estimate on 32 by \$400,000 or 2% tary resources, ower. Change the line ower. Change the line A whenever you ter the final of unobligated
RptCat AdjAut	NO YES	Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided							
1000	DA	Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 [line split = DE for estimated balances of discretionary] [line split = DA for actual balance of discretionary]	1,298,000		1,610,000		1,610,000	for inc ap	n reapportionment rms, this entry will clude enacted propriations, amounts
1041		Unob Bal: Antic recov of prior year unpd/pd obl	150,000		150,000		150,000	wa	rtified by Treasury rrant of indefinite propriations, any
1100		BA: Disc: Appropriation	25,000,000		25,000,000	B1	25,000,000	en	acted supplemental propriation, and any
1130		BA: Disc: Appropriations permanently reduced			-200,000		-200,000	ap	propriated receipts in ecial and trust funds.
1700		BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected			95,000		95,000		
1740	1	BA: Disc: Spending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, other	300,000		205,000		205,000	+	Anticipated
1740	2	BA: Disc: Spending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, other	100,000		100,000		100,000	-	resources should be adjusted to actual resources on subsequent apportionments.
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)	26,848,000		26,960,000		26,960,000		
1920		Totar budgetar y resources avair (uisc, and mand.)	20,040,000		20,500,000		20,900,000		
6001		1st quarter	120,000		120,000		120,000		36,00
6002		2nd quarter	120,000		120,000		120,000		
6003		3rd quarter	120,000		120,000		120,000		
6004		4th quarter	120,000		120,000		120,000		
6011		Research	16,800,000		12,880,000		12,880,000		
6012		Development of Products	9,568,000		9,600,000		9,600,000		1,348,25
6170		FY2019 } No-year and multi-year TAFS can have apportioned amounts in future fiscal years. When using line 6170, provide the future fiscal years.			4,000,000		4,000,000		
6190		Total budgetary resources available	26,848,000		26,960,000	A1	26,960,000	A1	

No-Year Appropriation—Reapportionment

Exhibit Notes:

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

Display the text of any footnotes in a separate tab in your Excel file.

2) Unless OMB determines otherwise, when amounts are automatically apportioned (see section 120.50), and there is a subsequent need for reapportionment, reflect adjustments previously made as automatic apportionments in the "Previous Approved" column. In such cases, footnote what changes were automatically apportioned.

3) Exhibit 130C illustrates the SF 133 for this account.

Pocket Constitution



The Declaration of Independence The Constitution of the United States The Bill of Rights Amendments XI–XXVII



		1	FY 20xx Apportionm Funds provided by Public Law			continuing resolution	n (CF subs	 R) is amended m equent amendme 	ultipl nts).	budget authority. If a e times, always reference However, if another CR PR.
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Tit	le / Cat B Stub / Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnot	Agency Request	Agency Foot	OMB Action	OMB Footnd	Memo Obligations
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	1 NO NO	Bureau: Office (Account: Salari TAFS: 80-0137)	es and Expenses (003-04-1109) / 20xx .pportionment: N/A, First Request of year ories					for operations resolution (CR CR is for part the total annua operations) of	inclu) on l of a fi l amo the C are p	bunt or the annual rate ded in the continuing ine 1100. Even if the iscal year, you still show unt (e.g., rate for R on line 1100 (not the rovided during the time
1100 1134 1740			priation priations precluded from obligation ing auth:Antic colls, reimbs, other			24,000,000 B -22,030,000 B 1,348,260	_	24,000,000 -22,030,000 1,348,260	is f sho is c unc of t line trus use	he continuing resolution or a part of the year, w the amount of BA that urrently not provided ler the given time period he CR as a negative on ± 1134 (for special or at fund TAFS, you must line 1135). (See section 5.2 for guidance.)
1920		Total budgetary	resources avail (disc. and mand.)	0		3,318,260		3,318,260		
6001 6002 6003 6004		1st quarter 2nd quarter 3rd quarter 4th quarter	Note that funds made available by the continuing resolution (\$24,000,000 - \$22,030,000) are all apportioned as lump sum by the OMB short-term CR apportionment bulletin. You can either show the lump-sum amount in Cat B (as shown on line 6011) OR if you typically apportion Cat A, the entire lump-sum amount in the first quarter (line 6001). If the short-term CR gets extended and enacted in a subsequent quarter, you would reflect the additive amount as lump-sum in the quarter current at that time.			1,348,260 A 0 0	3	1,348,260 0 0 0	Di foo	splay the text of any tnotes in a separate in your Excel file.
6011		Lump Sum				► 1,970,000		1,970,000		
6190		Total budgetary	resources available	0	1	3,318,260		3,318,260		

One-Year Appropriations Under Continuing Resolution

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Exhibit Notes:

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) Normally, OMB will issue a bulletin to automatically apportion funds made available by a continuing resolution without requiring you to submit an apportionment request (see section 123.2, 120.60). However, you may submit, or OMB may require you to submit a request.

						ortionment blic Law XXX-XX	(X <		ify in t et auth	he header the law prity.	(s) pro	oviding the
	Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title/Ca	t B Stub / Line Split		Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Reques	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
Change the line split from E to A when the final determination of unobligated balances is reported. If the amount on this line does not agree			Agency: Department Bureau: Office of the Account: R & D (003 TAFS: 80-1200/X	Secretary	Ap am	nounts in the "Pre proved" column a ounts from the firs portionment.	re]	actu estir total Cha reap	al balance brough nate on the latest budgetary resour	t forw SF 13 ces, w rom E	tionment whenever the ard differs from the 2 by \$400,000 or 2% of hichever is lower. E to A whenever you etermination of
with the amounts: (a) reported on the final SF 133 of the preceding year; (b) reported to the Treasury for inclusion in the <i>Treasury Combined</i> <i>Statement Appendix</i> ; or	IterNo RptCat AdjAut	2 NO NO	Last Approved Apport Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority								the ope	11/30/2018 w the actual amount or annual rate for rations provided by the tinuing resolution (CR)
(c) presented in the Budget Appendix as a past year actual amount, footnote line 1000 to explain the difference.	1000	DA		ward, Oct 1 imate of discretionary balances] tual discretionary balances]		50,689,324		60,000,000		60,000,000	on CR yea ann on pro pro	line 1100. Even if the is for part of a fiscal r, you still show the ual amount of the CR line 1100 (not the portional share vided during the time
	1100		BA: Disc: Appropriation	on				24,000,000	┥	24,000,000	per	iod of the CR).
	1134		BA: Disc: Appropriation	ons precluded from obligation				-22,030,000	•	-22,030,000		
Lines 1700 and 1740, as well as the memorandum entry on obligations,	→ 1700		BA: Disc: Spending au	uth: Collected				1,500		1,500	is fe	ne continuing resolution or a part of the year, show
should reflect the amount shown on the latest SF133 if more recent	1740	1	BA: Disc: Spending au	uth:Antic colls, reimbs, other		1,000,760		1,000,260		1,000,260	cur obl	amount of BA that is rently not provided for igation via the OMB rt-term CR
figures are not available. The period covered by such amounts should be indicated in a footnote and the "Memo Obligations" column.	→ 1740	2	BA: Disc: Spending au	uth:Antic colls, reimbs, other		349,000		348,000		348,000	app the CR 113 fun line	ortionment bulletin under given time period of the as a negative on line 4 (for special or trust d TAFS you must use ± 1135). (See section .2 for guidance.)
_	1920		Total budgetary reso	urces avail (disc. and mand.)		52,039,084		63,319,760		63,319,760	12.	.2 for guidance.)
The four quarters are only	6001	(1st quarter	Agency requested/OMB approved reapportionment of the increased		13,009,771		22,320,447		22,320,447		
reflecting the budgetary resources that are NOT provided by the short-	6002		2nd quarter	unobligated balances (+\$9,310,676) in the first quarter.		13,009,771		13,009,771		13,009,771		
term CR because the short-term CR expires at the end date specified in	6003	7	3rd quarter	If the request/approval was in the second quarter, increase would have to show on line 6002 since OMB can		13,009,771		13,009,771		13,009,771		
section 106 of the short- term CR.	6004	l	4th quarter	never reapportion a past period.		13,009,771		13,009,771		13,009,771		
	6011		Lump Sum					1,970,000		1,970,000		1,425,555
	6190		Total budgetary reso	urces available		52,039,084		63,319,760		63,319,760		
	0.00	<u>. </u>				02,000,004		20,0.0,100		50,010,100		

Appropriations and Unobligated Balances Under a Continuing Resolution

Exhibit Notes:

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) Normally, OMB will issue a bulletin to automatically apportion funds made available by a continuing resolution without requiring you to submit an apportionment request (see section 123.2, 120.60). However, you may submit, or OMB may require you to submit a request.

3) You must submit a reapportionment request showing the final determination of unobligated balances to OMB as soon as it becomes known unless the amount is automatically apportioned by section 120.49. If you need to submit a reapportionment post October 1 and you do not reflect the amounts automatically apportioned by the OMB bulletin, then you must footnote the apportionment accordingly (see section 123.9).

			Funds		20xx Apportion ad by Public Lav		_	Identify in the head authority. Note: you number or both the	ı can	choose to referen	ice th	ie CR PL
Line No	Line Split		Bureau/ Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line	Split		Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footno	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
IterNo	2	Bureau: Off Account: R TAFS: 80-12	Deartment of Government ice of the Secretary & D (003-04-1109) 200 / X ed Apportionment: 9/10/CY		apportionmer action of the apportionmer	nt (budgetary reso Congress, section nt of the short-terr	urc 120 n C	e amounts from bo es not determined l 0.23) and the auton R from both the au R, A-11 section 12	by the natic	ne current c atic		
RptCat AdjAut	NO	Reporting Ca										
1000	DA	[linesplit =	rought forward, Oct 1 DE for estimates of discretionary ba DA for actual discretionary balances	approv line 11 reflect operati	previous ved column, 00 is to the rate for ions from the erm CR, not	60,000,000		46,000,000		46,000,000	fc	equirement or line 1134
1100		BA: Disc: Ap	ppropriation		acted full- opropriation.	24,000,000	_	25,000,000		25,000,000	fc tr	or line 1135 or special or ust fund
1134		BA: Disc: Ap	opropriations precluded from obligat	ion		-22,030,000	в1) 0		0	fc la	AFS)see ootnote nguage
1700		BA: Disc: Sp	ending auth: Collected			1,500	\sim	2,000		2,000	А	elow. dditionally,
1740	1	BA: Disc: Sp	pending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, oth	er		1,000,260		1,000,260		1,000,260	aı	or special nd/or trust inds see
1740	2	BA: Disc: Sp	ending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, oth	er		348,000		178,000		178,000	no	ote 4 below.
1920		Total budge	tary resources avail (disc. and mar	nd.)		63,319,760		72,180,260		72,180,260		
			Scenario 1 (Category B lump-sum): If you choose to lump-sum Cat B amount apportioned pursuant to the OMB Bulletin 120.41, it will all show on line 6011. Scenario 2 (Category A lump-sum):	n and A-	11 section							
6001		1st quarter	If you choose to record amounts automati pursuant to the OMB Bulletin as Cat A (a your RMO during the short-term CR period	fter cons	sulting with	22,320,447		22,320,447		22,320,447		
6002		2nd quarter	Bulletin), you show the amounts from the quarter, line 6001.			13,009,771		6,009,771		6,009,771		
6003		3rd quarter	Scenario 3 If the short -term CR gets extended, the h Bulletin will be shown as follows:	ımp-sun	n from the	13,009,771		6,009,771		6,009,771		
6004		4th quarter	Cat B: additive to line 6011 Cat A: in the quarter current at the time of CR extension(s) (e.g., if extended in the s	f the ena	ctment of the	13,009,771		13,009,771		13,009,771		
6011		Lump Sum	automatically apportioned amounts are sh quarter, line 6002). See section 120.55	own in t	the second	1,970,000		24,830,500		24,830,500		
			Post short-term CR: adjust line 1134 in th column to reflect the automatically apport both the OMB Bulletin and A-11 section	tioned an	mounts from							
6190		Total budge	tary resources available			63,319,760		72,180,260		72,180,260	L	
Fastant		mount on line	e 1134 has been adjusted pursuant to		Bullatin VV	XX and 1 11 an	otio	n 120 /1				

Apportionment Following a Continuing Resolution (No-Year TAFS)

Exhibit Notes:

2) Consult your RMO is you received an account-specific written apportionment during the short-term CR for B1 footnote language.

3) See section 120.61.

4) Beginning in FY 2019, for special and/or trust funds you reflect the amounts precluded from obligation on line 1135 (not line 1134 as shown above in a general fund TAFS).

¹⁾ This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

Spit Approved B B Comparison Comparison <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Fund</th> <th>FY 20xx Apportion sprovided by Public La</th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th>Identify in the head authority. Note: you number or both the</th> <th>ı can</th> <th>choose to referen</th> <th>nce th</th> <th>ne CR PL</th>				Fund	FY 20xx Apportion sprovided by Public La		-	Identify in the head authority. Note: you number or both the	ı can	choose to referen	nce th	ne CR PL
Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1109) TAFS: 80-1200/2019 This exhibit reflects the the automatic apportionment of the short- term C R from both the automatic apportionment bulletin plus post- (R, A-11 section 120.41. 1terNo 2 Last Approved Apportionment: 9/10/CY Reporting Categoryoins AdjAut See note 4 below for special and/or trust fund TAFS. 1terNo 2 Last Approved Apportionment: 9/10/CY Reporting Categoryoins AdjAut In the previous provide duminent to the control of the short- term C R for the second function of the same difference of the second func- tion of the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the short- term C R for the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function function of the second function of the second function of the second function of the second function function of the second function form for the second function for the second function for the second fu	LineNo			Bureau/Account Title/Cat B Stub/Line	e Split		Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footno	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
RpCat NO Reporting Categories AdjAut NO Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided In the previous approved column, line 1100 is to columns line 1100 reflects the full-year enacted approvintion 1100 BA: Disc: Appropriation sprecluded from obligation 24,000,000 1134 BA: Disc: Appropriations precluded from obligation -10,504,200 1134 BA: Disc: Appropriations precluded from obligation -10,504,200 1134 BA: Disc: Appropriations precluded from obligation -10,504,200 1200 Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.) 13,495,800 25,000,000 1164 or most 1132 Formation and the previous automatically apportioned pursuant to the full-year bill enacted in the 3di and/or must fund TAFS. 6001 1st quarter Scenario Category Alumy-sum in 1st quarter: If you choose to record anomatically apportioned pursuant to the 3di and/or must fund to the 3di additional 28.7% of the rate for operations is automatically apportioned in the 2nd quarter with the 2nd quarter and runs through December 8th (18,90%) 4,538,000 4,538,000 6003 3rd quarter Scenario Category Alumy-sum in 1st quarter; and must through December 9th (13,90%) 6,904,800 6,904,800 6,904,800 6004 4th quarter Scenario Category Alumy-sum funct the 2nd quarter	IterNo	2	Bureau: Off Account: R a TAFS: 80-12	ice of the Secretary & D (003-04-1109) 200 /2019	This exhibit term CR fror CR, A-11 sec	n both the auto tion 120.41.	matic	apportionment bu	illeti			
1920 Total budgetar y resources avail (disc. and mand.) 13,495,800 25,000,000 25,000,000 full-year bill entited uarter in the duarter. 6001 1st quarter If you choose to record amounts automatically apportioned pursuant to the OMB Bulletin as Cat A (after consulting with your RMO during the short-term CR period as stated in the Bulletin, you show the amounts from the Bulletin all in 1st quarter, line 6001. E.g., CR runs through December 8th (18.90% of the rate for operations is automatically apportioned). 4,536,000 4,536,000 4,536,000 4,536,000 6002 2nd quarter Scenario: CR gets extended in the 2nd quarter in the shown as follows: E.g., CR is extended on December 5th (2nd quarter) and runs through March 23rd (additional 28.77% of the rate for operations is automatically apportioned in the 2nd quarter as a lump-sum). 6,904,800 6,904,800 6,904,800 6,904,800 6004 4th quarter Scenario: full-year bill is enacted in the 3rd quarter, application of A-11 section 120.41 in the previous approved column to reflect the automatically apportioned amounts from both the OMB Bulletin and A-11 section 120.41 and reflect it in the manner described in scenario above. E.g., full-year bill is enacted on March 21st (third quarter) so put the amount apportioned from A-11 section 120.41 in the third quarter (lump-sum). 5,752,500 5,752,500	RptCat AdjAut 1100	NO	Reporting Ca Adjustment A BA: Disc: Ap	tegories Authority provided	approved column, line 1100 is to reflect the rate for operations from the short-term CR, <u>not</u> the enacted full- year appropriation.		\sim	25,000,000 Requirement for 1134 (or line 1 for special or th funds)-see foo language below Also see note 4 below for specia and/or trust fun	or line or line 135 rust otnote v.	e 0		
Scenario Category A lump-sum in 1st quarter: If you choose to record amounts automatically apportioned pursuant to the OMB Bulletin as Cat A (after consulting with your RMO during the short-term CR period as stated in the Bulletin, you show the amounts from the Bulletin all in 1st quarter. Image 1 state 1 and 1 state to a period as stated in the Bulletin, you show the amounts from the Bulletin all in 1st quarter. Image 1 state 1 and the short-term CR gets extended in the 2nd quarter in first and second runs through December 8th (18.90% of the rate for operations is automatically apportioned).4,536,000	1920		Total budge	tary resources avail (disc. and ma	nd.)	13,495,80	00	25,000,000		25,000,000		full-year bill
6190 Total budgetary resources available 13.495.800 25.000.000 25.000.000	6002 6003		2nd quarter 3rd quarter	If you choose to record amounts automat to the OMB Bulletin as Cat A (after cons during the short-term CR period as stated the amounts from the Bulletin all in 1st of runs through December 8th (18.90% of t automatically apportioned). Scenario: CR gets extended the 1 will be shown as follows: E.g., CR is ext (2nd quarter) and runs through March 23 the rate for operations is automatically a quarter as a lump-sum). Scenario: full-year bill is enacted in 1 application of A-11 section 120.41: Post short-term CR: adjust line 1134 in t column to reflect the automatically appo the OMB Bulletin and A-11 section 120. manner described in scenario above. E.g. on March 21st (third quarter) so put the 2	ically apportioned purst auting with your RMO I in the Bulletin), you sh juarter, line 6001. E.g., he rate for operations is ump-sum from the Bull ended on December 5 th rd (additional 28.77% o popritioned in the 2nd the 3rd quarter, he previous approved rtioned amounts from be 41 and reflect it in the , full-year bill is enacte mount apportioned fro	etin 6,904,80 f 2,055,00	00	6,904,800 7,806,700		6,904,800 7,806,700		third quarter, you must keep amounts apportioned in first and second quarters the same (see section
	6190		Total budge	tary resources available		13,495,80	0	25,000,000		25,000,000	-	

Apportionment Following a Continuing Resolution (Annual TAFS, Category A)

Exhibit Notes:

- 1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
- 2) Consult your RMO is you received an account-specific written apportionment during the short-term CR for B1 footnote language.
- 3) See section 120.61.
- 4) Beginning in FY 2019, for special and/or trust funds you reflect the amounts precluded from obligation on line 1135 (not line 1134 as shown above in a general fund TAFS).

		ader the law(s) dget authority.	the he he buo	Identify in providing t			FY 20xx Apportio rovided by Public Law	Funds pr			
Memo Obligatior	OMB Footnote	OMB Action	Agency Footnote	Agency Request	Prev Footnote	Previous Approved	Line Split	e / Cat B Stub / ∣	Bureau/Account Title.	Line Split	Line No
								ary	Agency: Department of Gove Bureau: Office of the Secreta Account: R & D (003-04-1109 TAFS: 80-4321/X		
ter the	ortion a	nge the line split never you reappe l determination o	whe						Last Approved Apportionment: Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided	2 NO NO	IterNo RptCat ∖djAut
	3	83,583,738		♦ 83,583,738		83,584,884		of discretional	Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oc [line split = DE for estimate of [line split = DA for actual disc	DA	1000
	þ	-20,756,800		-20,756,800		-20,756,800		ebt	Unob Bal: Applied to repay det		1023
	þ	4,100,000		4,100,000		4,100,000			BA: Disc: Appropriation		1100
	þ	8,000,000		8,000,000				lected	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Colle	1	1700
	þ	8,189,500		8,189,500				lected	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Colle	2	1700
	þ	54,616,800		54,616,800		69,806,300	os, other	ic colls, reimb	BA: Disc: Spending auth:Antic		1740
	3	137,733,238		137,733,238		136,734,384	nd mand.)	wail (disc. an	Total budgetary resources av		1920
1,965,4)	550,000		550,000		550,000	Note: For Cat A you fill in the memo		1st quarter		6001
	D	650,000		650,000		650,000	obligations in the quarter in which the		2nd quarter		6002
	D	625,000		625,000		625,000	obligations were incurred		3rd quarter		6003
	þ	609,600		609,600		609,600			4th quarter		6004
6,190,6	þ	23,202,000		23,202,000		23,202,000			Management services		6011
2,012,7	þ	11,834,000		11,834,000		11,834,000			Sales program		6012
5,125,6	þ	20,980,600		20,980,600		20,980,600			Power program		6013
	3A1	79,282,038	A1 ▲	79,282,038		78283184		olvingfund	Unapportioned balance of revol		6182
	3	137,733,238		137,733,238		136,734,384		vailable	Total budgetary resources av		6190

Public Enterprise (Revolving) or Intragovernmental (Revolving) Fund - Reapportionment

Exhibit Notes:

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) If you don't know the amount of the unobligated balance brought forward at the time you must submit an apportionment request for an account, show an estimated amount on line 1000, and submit a reapportionment form if adjustments are required, except as specified in section 120.49.

3) For revolving funds with indefinite borrowing authority :

• Line 1023 includes estimates for the year of repayments of principal.

• Line 1740 includes any credits or payments anticipated to be received.

4) Exhibit 130E illustrates the SF 133 for this account.

Trust Fund Limitation

		FY 20xx Apportionment Funds provided by Public Law N/.	Ą						
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title/Cat B Stub/Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
		Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-8109) TAFS: 80-8004 /20xx							
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	NO	Last Approved Apportionment: 9/10/CY Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided		the Dis	lude reference to limitation author play the text of arate tab in you	ority any	in a footnote. footnotes in a	sh	
1201		BA: Mand: Appropriation (special or trust Fund)	9,000,000	þ	9,000,000	₽ 1	9,000,000	B1	
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)	9,000,000)	9,000,000		9,000,000		
6011		Management services	1,500,000	þ	1,500,000		1,500,000		500,000
6012		Sales program	7,500,000	þ	7,500,000		7,500,000		2,003,456
6190		Total budgetary resources available	9,000,000)	9,000,000		9,000,000		

Exhibit Notes:

Line No Line Spit Burear/ Account Title / Cit B Stub / Line Spit Previous graph Memo Obligations Line No Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Socretary Account: R & D (000-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321/X Account: R & D (000-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321/X Image: Compartment of Government Bureau: Office of the Socretary Account: R & D (000-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321/X Image: Compartment of Government Bureau: Office of the Socretary Account: R & D (000-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321/X Image: Compartment of Government Bureau: Office of the Socretary Account: R & D (000-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321/X Image: Compartment of Government Bureau: Office of the Socretary Account: R & D (000-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321/X Image: Compartment of Covernment Bureau: Office of the Socretary Account: R & D (000-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-				xx Apportionm ided by Public L							
Bureau: Critics of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321/X Image: Critics of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321/X IterNo 2 Last Approved Apportionment: 9/10/CY Reporting Categories Adjaut Image: Critics of the Secretary Adjustment Authority provided Image: Critics of the Secretary Adjustment Authority provided 1000 DA DDE Unob Ba: Brought forward, Oct 1 Unob Ba: Brought forward, Oct 1 Unob Ba: Brought forward, Oct 1 [line split = D for estimate of discretionary balances] [line split = D A for actual discretionary balances] [line split = D A for actual discretionary balances] 1,180,000 140,000 410,000 1021 Unob Ba: Brought forward, Oct 1 [line split = D For estimate of discretionary balances] 1,180,000 150,000 150,000 1021 Unob Ba: Recov of prior year unpd obl 150,000 150,000 9,000 9,000 1700 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected 86,000 9,000 145,000 B1 1720 Total budgetary resources avail (disc: and mand) 1,730,000 800,000 432,500 432,500 6001 1 st quarter Assuming that I st quarter obligation were \$250,000 aquert approtioned here \$250,000 aquert approtioned h	LineNo		Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split			Prev Footnote		Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
RptCat NO Reporting Categories AdjAut NO Adjustment Authority provided Image: Second S			Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1109)								
DE Unob Ba: Brought forward, Oct 1 1,180,000 1,180,000 1 1021 Unob Ba! Recov of prior year unpd obl 150,000 150,000 150,000 1700 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected 86,000 86,000 9,000 1701 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll pymts Fed src 9,000 9,000 9,000 1740 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other 400,000 145,000 B1 145,000 B1 1920 Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.) 1,730,000 800,000 432,500 432,500 432,500 432,500 6001 1st quarter Assuming that 1st quarter obligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be \$150,000 (\$13,500 apportioned). 432,500 200,000 When you need to reduce the comparison of the curve provinced to reduce the comparison of the curve provinced to reduce the comparison of the curve provinced to reduce the curve previd, reduce the curve provinced to reduce the c	RptCat	NO	Reporting Categories								
1700BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected86,00086,0001701BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll pymts Fed src9,0009,0001740BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other400,000145,000B11920Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)1,730,000800,000800,00060011st quarterAssuming that 1st quarter obligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be \$150,000 (432,500 apportioned lpus -32,500 apportioned hpus -32,500432,500 432,500432,500 200,000432,500 reduce the cumulative amount apportioned hpus -32,500 apportioned.When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned hous 250,000 obligated plus -32,500When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned hous 250,0006004Total budgetary resources available1,730,000800,000800,000	1000		Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 [line split = DE for estimate of discretionary balances]		1,180,000		410,000		410,000		
1701BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll pymts Fed src9,0009,0009,0001740BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other400,000145,000B1145,000B11920Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)1,730,000800,000800,0001920Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)1,730,000800,000800,00060011st quarter obligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be \$150,000 (432,500432,500432,500432,500250,00060022nd quarter apportioned less 25,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned).432,500200,000When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, apportioned through the current period,800,000800,0006004Total budgetary resources available1,730,000800,000800,000apportioned for the apportioned through the current period, apportioned through the current period, apportioned through the current period,9,000800,000800,000	1021		Unob Bal: Recov of prior year unpd obl		150,000		150,000		150,000		
1740 BA: Disc: Spending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, other 400,000 145,000 B1 145,000 B1 1920 Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.) 1,730,000 800,000 800,000 6001 1st quarter Assuming that 1st quarter obligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be \$150,000 (32,500 apportioned less 250,000 432,500 432,500 432,500 -32,500 6003 3rd quarter apportioned less 250,000 432,500 200,000 200,000 When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned line 32,500 6004 4th quarter 432,500 200,000 200,000 when you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned hrough the current period, revise the amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned for the	1700		BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected				86,000		86,000		
1920 Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.) 1,730,000 800,000 800,000 1 1920 Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.) 1,730,000 800,000 800,000 1 6001 1st quarter Assuming that 1st quarter obligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be \$150,000 (432,500 apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned. 432,500 432,500 -32,500 -32,500 When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revert the amount apportioned through the c	1701		BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll pymts Fed src				9,000		9,000		
60011st quarterAssuming that 1st quarter obligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be \$150,000 (432,500 apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned.432,500 432,500432,500 -32,500 -32,500 -32,500432,500 -32,500 -32,500 -32,000When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned through the curren	1740		BA: Disc: Spending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, other		400,000		145,000	B1	145,000	B1	
60011st quarterobligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be \$150,000 (432,500 apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned.432,500432,500432,500432,500250,00060033rd quarter-32,500 apportioned32,500 apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned.432,500200,000200,000When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, reystein amount60044th quarter432,500200,000200,000200,000when you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the superiod, reystein amount apportioned through the su	1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)		1,730,000		800,000		800,000		
60011st quarterobligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be \$150,000 (432,500 apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned.432,500432,500432,500200,000200,000200,00060033rd quarter3rd quarter432,500432,500200,000200,000When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount60044th quarter432,500200,000200,000200,000when you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned for the			Assuming that 1st quarter								
6002 2nd quarter apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned). 432,500 -32,500 -32,500 When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned for the 6004 4th quarter 432,500 200,000 200,000 When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned for the 6190 Total budgetary resources available 1,730,000 800,000 800,000	6001		obligations were \$250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount		432,500		432,500		432,500		250,000
6003 3rd quarter apportioned). 432,500 200,000 200,000 reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount 6004 4th quarter 432,500 200,000 200,000 200,000 revise the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount 6190 Total budgetary resources available 1,730,000 800,000 800,000 apportioned for the	6002		2nd quarter apportioned less 250,000		432,500		-32,500	-	-32,500		
6004 4th quarter 432,500 200,000 apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned for the current period, revise the amo	6003				432,500		200,000		200,000	re	duce the
6190 Total budgetary resources available 1,730,000 800,000 apportioned for the	6004		4th quarter		432,500		200,000		200,000	aj th	pportioned through the current period,
	6190		Total budgetary resources available		1,730,000		800,000		800,000	aj	oportioned for the

Negative Amount Due to Reduced Unobligated Balance

Exhibit Notes:

This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
 Apportionments previously established are not subject to change after the close of the period for which the apportionment is made (section 120.55).

Apportionments in Future Fiscal Years for Multi-Year Accounts

		FY 2	0xx Apportionme	nt		r				
			ided by Public L			Identify in t providing th	he h e bu	eader the law(s dget authority.	s)	
LineNo	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title/Cat B Stub/Line Split		Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
		Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321 20xx/20xx+1								
IterNo RptCat AdjAut		Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided								
1100		BA: Disc: Appropriation	Includes the fu amount approp	riated		▶ 100,000		100,000		
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)			0	100,000		100,000		
6001		1st quarter				12,500		12,500		
6002		2nd quarter	The planned us	e of	\checkmark	12,500		12,500		
6003		3rd quarter	appropriations		٦)	12,500		12,500		
6004		4th quarter	The planned use appropriations i	n year 2 (no		12,500		12,500		
6170		FY 20xx+1	programmatic n year).		\vdash	→ 50,000		50,000		
6190		Total budgetary resources available			0	100,000		100,000		

Next year's apportionment:

			a+1 Apportionm ded by Public La							
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split		Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	1 NO	Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1109) TAFS: 80-4321 20xx/20xx+1 Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided	des the \$50,000							
1000 1041		Iling calit DE for optimate of discretioner (belonged year	ed to be obligat 2 plus \$2,000 nd ated in year 1.			→ 52,0005,000		52,000 5,000		
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)		0		57,000		57,000		
6001		1st quarter				13,000		13,000		
6002		2nd quarter		6		13,000		13,000		
6003			The planned use ppropriations in		Ń	13,000		13,000		
6004		4th quarter				18,000		18,000		
6190		Total budgetary resources available		0		57.000		57,000		

Exhibit Notes:

This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
 Apportionments previously established are not subject to change after the close of the period for which the apportionment is made (section 120.55).

			Apportionment d by Public Law N/A		Identify in t	ne header	the law(s) providi	ng the	
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title/Cat B Stub/Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	2 NO NO	Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-8109) TAFS: 80-8004 /X Last Approved Apportionment: 9/10/CY Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided				auth subt	appropriation to li ority is included o racted on line 113 sed to make new o	n line 11 7 becaus	00 and is e it cannot
1100 1137 1600 1622		BA: Disc: Appropriation BA: Disc: Approps applied to liq contract auth BA: Mand: Contract authority BA: Mand: Contract auth: Precluded from ob (lim)	100,000		90,00 -90,00 100,00 -10,00	0	90,000 -90,000 100,000 -10,000		
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)	100,000		90,00	0	90,000		
6001 6002 6003 6004		1st quarter 2nd quarter 3rd quarter 4th quarter	25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000		25,00 20,00 25,00 20,00	0	25,000 20,000 25,000 20,000		
6190		Total budgetary resources available	100,000		90,00	0	90,000		
Exhibit N	lotes.				Display the to footnotes in a in your Excel	separate	tab		

Trust Fund with Contract Authority, Appropriation to Liquidate Contract Authority, and Obligation Limitation

Exhibit Notes:

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) This example assumes that the authorizing legislation provides \$100,000 in contract authority that was apportioned in the initial apportionment for the year. Subsequently, the appropriation act provided \$90,000 in an appropriation to liquidate contract authority and limited obligations from the contract authority to \$90,000.

3) This example assumes that the contract authority that cannot be obligated is available to be obligated in the succeeding fiscal year. This is an obligation limitation.

		FY 20xx Apportionme Funds provided by Public L			Identify in the hea providing the bud				
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title/Cat B Stub/Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	1 NO NO	Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-8109) TAFS: 80-8004 /X Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided	of the estimation from prior years and outlays to The amount receipts over	ited a ear co antil o on lir the a	he amount on line 120 nnual obligations. Th ollections and is used uurrent year collection he 1234 equals the exunticipated obligation to 1201 (\$30 thousand	his a to fi ns ai cess s (\$4	imount is derived und obligations re received.		
1201 1234 1250		BA: Mand: Appropriation (special or trust fund) BA: Mand: Appropriations precluded from obligation BA: Mand: Anticipated appropriation			→		30,000 -70,000 160,000		
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)			120,000		120,000		
6011		Payment of Benefits			120,000	A1	120,000		
6190		Total budgetary resources available			120,000	+	120,000		
					Display the tex footnotes in a s your Excel file.	epa			

Trust Fund (or Special Fund) with Collections Precluded from Obligation

Exhibit Notes:

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please Exhibit 120A.

2) This example assumes that the authorizing legislation makes all receipts available until expended. However, the same law permits obligations only for benefits. The estimate of benefits to be paid is less than the current receipts. In this case, include all estimated current receipts on line 1250 (include actual collections on line 1201). Include, as a negative, the amount not needed to cover current obligations on line 1234. Do not include prior year collections that are not needed to incur current obligations on the apportionment or the SF 133.

3) See exhibit 130J for a display of the treatment of this account on the SF 133 during the year and on September 30.

		FY 20xx Ap Funds provided by		A.							
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title/Cat B Stub/Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request						
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	1 NO NO	Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1309) TAFS: 80-1309 /X Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided			steps of bo to show the entire TAF Note: In or the SF 133 both the pa	th the pa e resource S. der for t and Pre rent and	sources section refl arent an the childre es available for ob he transfers to croo sident's Budget, pl child use the appr http://www.fms.tr	n. The oligation sswalk c ease ens opriate	net effect is for the correctly in sure that USSGL for		
1100		BA: Disc: Appropriation			10,000,000		10,000,000				
1120	C1	BA: Disc: Approps transferred to 19-80X1309			-1,000,000		-1,000,000				
1120	C2	BA: Disc: Approps transferred to 20-80X 1309			-2,000,000		-2,000,000				
1121	C1	BA: Disc: Approps transferred from 80X1309			1,000,000		1,000,000				
1121	C2	BA: Disc: Approps transferred from 80X 1309			2,000,000		2,000,000				
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)			10,000,000		10,000,000				
6011		Program A			5,500,000		5,500,000				
6012		Program B			2,000,000		2,000,000				
6013		Program C			2,500,000		2,500,000				
6190		Total budgetary resources available	-		10.000.000		10.000.000				

Allocation Transfer Apportionment Format, Apportioning Programs

Exhibit Notes:

		Identify in the header the law(s) providing the budget authority.	FY 20xx Apportio Funds provided by Publ						
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/ Account Title / Cat B Stub /	/ Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligation:
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	1 NO NO	Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1309) TAFS: 80-1309 /X Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided	Request of year			accounting The net eff obligation f entre TAFS Note: In or correctly in please ensu appropriate		an th ces a rossw nt's E nd ch	e children. vailable for valk sudget, ild use the
1000	Р	Linck Dels Desught forward Oct 4 (organi	901/ 4200)			750.000	750.000		
		Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 (parent,	,			750,000	750,000		
1000	C1	Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 (child, 1	9-80X 1309)			500,000	500,000		
1100		BA: Disc: Appropriation				10,000,000	10,000,000		
1120	C1	BA: Disc: Approps transferred to 19-80X1	309 In the application	- <u>6 haadaa a</u>		-1,000,000	-1,000,000		
1120	C2	BA: Disc: Approps transferred to 12-80X1		of the	oly	-2,000,000	-2,000,000		
1121	Ρ	BA: Disc: Approps transferred from 80X13	to Category A line (see section 120.2		В	1,000,000	1,000,000		
1121	Ρ	BA: Disc: Approps transferred from 80X13	309			2,000,000	2,000,000		
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. an	nd mand.)			11,250,000	11,250,000		
6001	Р	Parent - 1st quarter				3,750,000	3,750,000		
6001	C1	State FA (19-80X 1309) - 1st quarter	Please note that in this so apportions both the paren			1,000,000	1,000,000		
6001	C2	Agric. (12-80X1309) - 1st quarter	(19-80X1309, 12-80X13 identifies the children in budgetary resources sect	the application		500,000	500,000		
6002	Р	Parent - 2nd quarter	An apportionment for a p	arent/child doe		4,000,000	4,000,000		
6002	C1	State FA (19-80X1309) - 2nd quarter	NOT have to separately in the application of budg section of the apportion	getary resource		500,000	500,000		
6002	C2	Agric. (12-80X1309) - 2nd quarter	could be apportioned).	ient (e.g., FPA		1,500,000	1,500,000		
6190		Total hudootary recourses available				11.250.000	11,250,000		
0130		Total budgetary resources available				11,200,000	11,200,000	1	

Allocation Transfer Apportionment Format, Apportioning Parent and Child

Exhibit Notes:

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) In 2015 added line split of "P" for parent and "CX" for each separate child allocation.

			ify in the header the) providing the budget	FY 20xx Ap		N/A					
Line No	Line Split		au/Account Title/Cat B	Stub / Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
				s			apportionn Note: In or 133 and Pr child use th	tent resp der for t esident's te appro	n arrangements, the Parent oonsibility to its children. he transfers to crosswalk ct 8 Budget, please ensure that priate USGL for allocatio as.gov/USSGL/.	orrectly both the	in the SF e parent and
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	NO	Last Approved / Reporting Categ Adjustment Aut		First Request of year							
1000		Unob Bal: Brou	ght forward, Oct 1				500,000		500,000		
1121		BA: Disc: Appr	ops transferred from 8	30X1309			12,000,000	B1	12,000,000	B1	
1920		Total budgetar	y resources avail (di	sc. and mand.)			12,500,000		12,500,000		
6011		Country Aacti∨	ities				3,000,000	0	3,000,000		
6012		Country B activ	ities				1,500,000		1,500,000		
6014		Country C activ	ities				3,500,000		3,500,000		
6170		Unallocated acti	vities - available CY-	+1			4,500,000	A1	4,500,000	A1	
6190		Total budgetar					12,500,000		12,500,000		

Allocation Transfer Apportionment Format, Child Only

B1 footnote: Allocation transfer from parent agency, Department of Government.

Exhibit Notes:

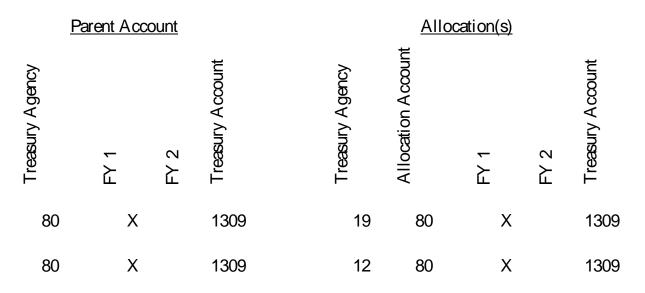
		Identify in the header the law(s) providing the budget authority.							
Line No	Line Split	Bureau/ Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	Agency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
IterNo RptCat AdjAut	1 NO NO	Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: R & D (003-04-1309) TAFS: 80-1309 /X Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year Reporting Categories Adjustment Authority provided	steps fo the reso Note: In in the S that bot USSGL	or the urces orde F 133 h the for a	ry presentation reflect parent only so the n available for obligar er for the transfers to 3 and President's Bud parent and child use illocation transfers ms.treas.gov/USSGL	et eff tion t cros get, the a	fect is to show for the parent. swalk correctly please ensure		
1000		Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1			750,000		750,000		
1100		BA: Disc: Appropriation			10,000,000		10,000,000		
1120		BA: Disc: Approps transferred to other accounts			-3,000,000		-3,000,000		
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)			7,750,000		7,750,000		
6001		1st quarter			3,750,000		3,750,000		
6002		2nd quarter			4,000,000		4,000,000		
6190		Total budgetary resources available		+	7,750,000		7,750,000		

Allocation Transfer Apportionment, Parent Only

Exhibit Notes:

Allocation Accounts

Notes: Each parent account on this tab must appear on the Request tab. You use the same Treasury agency and account for each parent and allocation.



Sequestration Apportionment

Line No	Line Split	Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split	Previous Approved	Prev Footnote	Agency Request	A gency Footnote	OMB Action	OMB Footnote	Memo Obligations
		Agency: Department of Government Bureau: Office of the Secretary Account: Research and Development (003-00-0001) Treas Account: Research and Development TAFS: 99-0001 /X							
IterNo	2	Last Approved Apportionment: 20xx-09-10							questered in year that
RptCat		Reporting Categories							etermined to
AdjAut		Adjustment Authority provided					be avail		
							current	year	("pop-up")
		Budgetary resources							I
1000	DA	Discretionary Actual - Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1			3,100,000		3,100,000		/ /
1000	DE	Discretionary Estimated - Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1	3,000,000	B1					
1000	MA	Mandatory Actual - Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1			2,500,000		2,500,000		
1000	ME	Mandatory Estimated - Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1	2,400,000	B2			0		
1700		BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected			700,000		700,000		
1740		BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other	2,700,000		2,000,000		2,000,000		
1800		BA: Mand: Spending auth: Collected			500,000		500,000	Į	
1802	SEQ	BA: Mand: Spending auth: Previously unavailable	140,000		140,000	B1	140,000	Вĺ	
1823	SEQ	BA: Mand: Spending auth: New\Unob bal temp reduced	-210,000		-210,000		-210,000	▶ I	
1840		BA: Mand: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other	3,000,000		2,500,000		2,500,000	\setminus	Amounts sequestered
1920		Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)	11,030,000		11,230,000		11,230,000	\setminus	in the
									current year
		Application of Budgetary Resources						L	
6011		Development	6,066,500		6,176,500		6,176,500	1	
6011		Research	4,963,500		5,053,500		5,053,500		
6190		Total budgetary resources available	11,030,000		11,230,000		11,230,000		

Exhibit Notes:

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